THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LV No. 44—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3rd, 1919.

The Coal Question!

Notice to our Customers

The price of coal will advance at the mines at least 50c. per ton at the rate of 10c. per month beginning May 1st next.

Both the United States and Canadian railways, notwithstanding the advanced freight of last year, have not been able to meet running expenses for months past.

The probabilities are that freight rates will be advanced in the near future still higher. Therefore there is no cheap coal in sight.

We urge our customers to lay in their next winter's supply at once before we have to advance prices.

27-tf CHAS. STEVENS.

Notice!

July 17th, 1919

Owing to great changes in my business, all accounts, large or small, must be settled inside of thirty days from this date. By Cash or Joint Notes.

FRED: A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

CANADA LEADS ALL COUNTRIES !

Holland	11c. per capita
Switzerland	13c. " "
England	64c. " "
France	74c. " "
United States	$2.73 " "
Canada	$4.00 " "

If these figures applied to **production** we would have every reason to be proud—but they do not. They show the per capita **FIRE LOSS** in six Countries.

We talk of **THRIFT** and yet largely through **CARELESSNESS** we burned up $15,673,240.00 worth of Merchandise, Buildings and Food Stuffs in Ontario last year.

Individual responsibility rests upon the citizens of Ontario to do their part in preventing this terrible waste of our substance. What is burned is irretrievably lost. Take an active part in making a success of

FIRE PREVENTION DAY OCTOBER 9th

CLEAN UP!

ONTARIO FIRE PREVENTION LEAGUE, Inc.
Affiliated with
ONTARIO FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE
Department of Attorney-General
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO

GEORGE F. LEWIS, Sec.-Treas.

What the Referendum Committee is Doing.

Endeavor to create a good body of Public Feeling in favor of the Ontario Temperance Act.

The method followed : Constructive.

1. **Billboard Advertising.**
2. **Newspaper Advertising.**
3. **Posters and Pamphlets.**
4. **Advertising and educating through the mails.**
5. **Public Meetings.**

The cost of advertising, especially in the big dailies, costs a great deal. Fifty thousand dollars will not pay for this one item alone.

So far this has been financed out of private funds, but it will be necessary soon to appeal to the friends of Prohibition for money. This is the one big chance for all those to help, who regard the sancity of the home, the welfare of the youth of our land, and the general happiness of the people as worth preserving.

Please be generous when the canvasser calls.

REFERENDUM COMMITTEE
Lennox and Adington Branch.

Farmers' Convention!

NAPANEE
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1919
at 2 p. m., in the
TOWN HALL.

A convention of the farmers of the Electoral District of Lennox, will be held on the above date and place, to select a candidate to contest the county at the approaching General Election.

Women Voters particularly requested to attend.

Outside Speakers.

ADDINGTON ELECTION

A CONVENTION

of electors opposed to the Hearst Government will be held in

Keech's Hall, Enterprise,

WEDNESDAY,

OCTOBER 8TH

at 2 o'clock p.m.

for the purpose of selecting a Candidate for the Local Legislature, and for organization purposes.

Either **Mr. H. H. Dewart** or **Major Tolmie** will address the meeting.

The ladies are especially invited.

W. A. MARTIN,
Sec'y. Addington Liberal Association.

RESOLUTION

Napanee Branch, Great War Veterans' Association of Canada.

Wednesday, Sept. 24th, 1919.

Resolved that we, the Great War Veterans' Association of Napanee, view with alarm the unreasonable demands made by a certain class of returned soldiers for a gratuity of two thousand dollars to all men who went overseas, irrespective of their needs and claims upon our country.

Our reasons for opposing such a grant are as follows :

1. The payment of such a sum as asked would add to the debt of Canada a greater burden than the country can bear.

2. When we enlisted we did so not for financial gain, but to protect our homes and to secure the world against German domination. Having attained that end we are content to return to our homes and help build up, and not overburden the country we fought to save.

3. We realize that our country has already paid liberally with the returned soldiers as a class, and we decline to stuffy ourselves be placing a price on our patriotism and service to Canada, for so doing we would forfeit good name and esteem and the respect of our fellow countrymen.

And it further resolved that while we realize that Canada means to deal fairly and justly with all returned soldiers we believe that greater consideration and more liberal grants should be made to those whose breadwinners lost their lives in the war, and all who from sickness, or wounds, are not capable of earning as much as they could before going to the war. We further believe that some provision should be made to assist by loan, or otherwise, those returned men desirous of securing an education, or a vocational training, or those who are desirous of going into business.

This resolution is respectfully submitted to the meeting for their approval by J. M. Simpson, and seconded by W. H. C. Dibb, who move for its adoption.

Chase's Family Remedies for sale at WALLACE'S.

DENBIGH

Our annual school fair was held on the 18th inst, and was favoured with ideal weather and a large attendance. The exhibits were also numerous and usually very creditable. The committee appointed to make the necessary arrangements consisted of Messrs. A. Glaeser, R. Fritsch and A. Lockwood, who took considerable pains to make it a success. The receipts in connection with it amounted to nearly $60.00 and the expenditures to $35.50. The surplus is to be kept for improvements to next and future years' fairs. A collection was also taken up as a present for Mr. Alberts, of Plevna, who was so unfortunate as to loose his house with nearly all contents by fire and the mother of his children by death The collection netted about $64.

Mrs. G. Adam and her daughter Margaret, who enjoyed a few weeks visiting relatives and friends in Rochester and other cities across the line, have arrived home again.

Mrs. F. Chatson, and daughter Christina, who were away a couple of months visiting relatives in Brockville and Renfrew, have arrived home again a few days ago.

Mr. J. Rahm spent a few days visiting his son Adolph in Arnprior.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Stein and Herbert Warlich spent last week end and Sunday enjoying a pleasant visit with relatives and friends at Hardwood Lake and Palmer.

Miss Minna Berger, daughter of Mrs. J. Rahm and Victor Wenecke, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wienecke, were married in Renfrew on the 18th inst., and held a reception on Tuesday evening which was attended by a large number of friends.

Mr. H. D. Bryan of Rochester, N. Y., is for a couple of weeks a welcome guest of Mr. and Mrs P. Stein of the Lehigh House, or R. E. Sparks, Kingston, is also here on one of his half yearly professional visits.

Huffman's Goitre Cure, the greatest thick neck remedy known. Treatment only costs about 25c. per week. Write for circular — WALLACE'S Drug Store, Napanee, sole agents.

STELLA

The Amherst Island annual fair will be held on Tuesday. While it may not be as large as some others it will be a good one and will well repay a visit. D. H. Folson, the secretary-treasurer, has been making a great effort to have it the best yet.

The steamer Brockville made three trips to the Island last week.

Mrs. C. E. Gibson is undergoing treatment in the Kingston General Hospital.

Major and Mrs. R. M. Filson and Sergt. and Mrs. R. K. Filson, Kingston, spent a recent Sunday with friends here.

Miss M. Brown, Chatham has returned home after spending several weeks with friends here.

ADOLPHUSTOWN

This district was visited with a very severe electric storm on Wednesday of last week, accompanied by hail and rain but no serious damage was done.

Quite a number from here attended the Kingston Fair last week.

We are glad to see Mrs. Andrew Magee home from Kingston Hospital much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. Gillies who have been visiting the latter's aunt, Mrs. J. Magee, have returned to their home in Petrolea.

Miss Edna McGee was home from the Enterprise for the week end.

Dr. Harold Duffett is visiting his mother.

Colds and whooping cough are still somewhat prevalent around here.

Threshing is nearly finished and the farmers are busy filling silos. Corn is a better crop than grain.

Mr. and George Armstrong has secured the position of teacher in Parma school.

Why let an amateur do your photographic work when you can have the services of a Toronto expert at no more cost and certainty of no films being spoiled. Mail orders receive prompt attention—WALLACE'S, the leading Drug Store.

ODESSA

Bernard Toomey passed away Tuesday after a long illness. The funeral was held Friday morning from his late residence to Holy Rosary Church, and the remains were placed in Railton vault to be interred later in the family plot at Odessa.

Miss Rose Freemantle passed away on Friday last at the Hotel Dieu Hospital after an illness of about two weeks. The funeral, which was largely attended, took place on Tuesday afternoon from the home of her grandparents, Stephen Corneg, and the services were conducted by Rev. McTear, Bath. Monday afternoon. Interment was made in the family plot at Morven.

Miss Kathleen Scharmshorn called on friends last Wednesday.

Geo. Burnett is the guest of his parents Mr. and Mrs. Burnett.

The fowl supper in the basement of the Methodist Church on Tuesday night last was a great success. The abundant supply of eatables reflected great credit on the ladies who furnished them. After the supper a fine entertainment was given. The receipts at the door amounted to $90.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Calder, Mrs. Clyde and Miss Nellie Clyde motored to Belleville last Sunday and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bird.

John Jones has returned from spending a few days in Kingston the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Decker.

Mrs. Henry Asselstine and little grand-daughter, Miss Madge Quartz, have returned from spending the past two months with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Geo. Waits, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Ellenger, Kingston, for the past week, has returned.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Lee left last Wednesday for their home in Toronto.

The daily use of Germicidal Soap will protect your children from many contagious diseases. Also a splendid remedy for Eczema and skin eruptions of all kinds. 25c. per cake, at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

TO PREVENT UNEMPLOYMENT

Next year will be well advanced before Canada's main expenditures for war can be completed. Every dollar that can be raised for the Victory Loan 1919 will be required.

Although hostilities ceased in 1918 the war expenses went on.

This is just as much a war year as last year was, as far as the money is concerned. Pressing liabilities incurred by the war and involving vast sums of money have to be cared for. The simplest and most profitable manner in which this can be done is for the people to provide the money themselves.

The Victory Loan 1919 is entitled to just as much consideration as was given to its predecessors. It is up to every loyal Canadian to do its utmost to make the new loan an overwhelming success. The continuance of the prosperity of the nation is wholly dependant upon it.

It was naturally to be expected that trade depression in the Dominion would have followed the armistice but this was averted by the creation of a large proportion of the last Victory Loan as credits to Great Britain and our Allies for grain, dairy produce, fish, lumber and ships. These credits were absolutely necessary and strictly good business. They must be continued. They are national re-investments. The debts will be paid eventually and in the meantime industrial and agricultural workers will be kept in busy and lucrative employment.

VICTORY LOAN CAMPAIGN, 1919

The organization for the Victory Loan campaign of 1919 for the County of Lennox and Addington is now under way.

During the week U. M. Wilson, County Crown Attorney, received a wire from Sir Henry L. Drayton, Minister of Finance, inviting him to act as chairman for the County of Lennox and Addington, which Mr. Wilson accepted. The organizers appointed by Provincial headquarters are S. L. McGinnis, as 1st organizer, who acted in that capacity for 1918, and T. H. French, as 2nd organizer, who has returned from overseas.

The Prince of Wales' Honor Flag, objective for this year's campaign for the county, is $925,000.

County headquarters are now open in Napanee on Dundas street, near the Public Library.

ENTERPRISE EAST

A number from here attended the Kingston fair last week.

Messrs John Finn and Patrick Dwyer are in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, undergoing treatment.

An old and much respected resident of this section passed away in the person of Mrs. James Sagriff, sr. The funeral took place on Friday morning to the Church of the Annunciation, Chippewa, a requiem mass was sung for the repose of her soul by Rev. Father McDonald.

Misses Loretto and Annie Finn are spending a few days with their aunt, Mrs. Jos. Leveque, Desoronto.

Miss Katie Foster, Chicago, is spending a few days at home here after an absence of two years.

Mr. and Mrs. George Brady and son John, of Watertown, N. Y., and Mrs. Patrick Fraser, are with their brother, P. Sagriff for a few days.

Miss Nellie McGrath, Toronto, is spending a few days with her cousin, Miss Mabel Kidd.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Foster have removed to Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. John McKena have returned to Smith's Falls after spending a two weeks honeymoon with friends here.

PLEASANT VALLEY

Mr. and Mrs. David Taite, and Miss Marion, of Hamilton, are visiting at their cousins, W. R. Pringle's.

A goodly number of the people from this neighborhood attended Kingston show last week, and returned home convinced that Napanee grounds are superior, and that Napanee show can be made as good.

Mrs. John Cline and Mr. Wilfrid, spent Tuesday in Belleville.

Miss Edith Grooms visited a couple of days at Mr. Eslie Smith's.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradshaw and daughter, Montreal, spent a few days at his sister's, Mrs. Robert McFarlane's.

Mrs. Isaac Taylor is spending a few days in Belleville with her father, who is quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle, Mr. and Mrs. Tait, and daughter, and Mrs. Ray. Rankin spent Tuesday with friends at Bath.

Mr. I. L. Sills, Queen's, Kingston, spent a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills.

CENTREVILLE

Several from this part attended the Kingston Fair during the past week.

Some few others will also take in Odessa Fair on Friday.

Mr. Wellington Johnston and family have removed to the McMullen farm, which he recently purchased.

Joseph Taite has sold his farm to Ross Hannah and will retire from farming.

Patrick Evans has purchased the O'Connor property in the village.

There has been a great many sales of real estate recently in this district.

Mrs. Robt. Milsap is recovering from her recent illness.

Our school Fair on the 25th was well represented by the majority of the schools.

Centreville is much in need of a gasolene station and garage for the convenience of travellers and others who get stranded.

The referendum election on the 20th of October is now the topic of conversation.

What about the Provincial election ?

Bring your stove repair needs to us. Prompt delivery assured. **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

Victimized Punch.

Punch, which deserves at least the D.S.O. for the conspicuous sanity of its humor during the war, is the innocent victim, in its issue of April 23, of thievery. The verse "A Germless Eden," beginning "The antiseptic baby and the prophylactic pup," which Punch prints as original, were written by Arthur Guiterman, and first appeared in the Woman's House Companion for June, 1906. They appear also in Mr. Guiterman's book, "The Laughing Muse," published by Harper's in 1917. These, for some reason, are the stalest verses we know of. They were offered to Puck in 1908 by a Frances Walker, and their publication was stopped because some one happened to remember that they were not Mr. Walker's. But Walker sold them, in May, 1908, to the New York World. This Rafter of Righteousness exposed the theft, but Mr. Walker told Mr. Pulitzer that he had written the verses, before July, 1906, for a newspaper in Sydney or Melbourne. The source of this paper, in response to a cable from Mr. Pulitzer, said this was untrue. We wonder who the thief was who sold it to Punch.—New York Tribune.

When a Man is 25

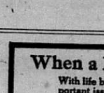
With life before you, marriage and its responsibilities are very important issues; what is your attitude with regard to saving money? Is thrift an item in your program? It should be. What you can save is no less important than what you can earn. Serious consideration of these facts should guide you to the opening of a Savings Account. 663

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

F. COTTLE, - - - - Manager.

Draw on Your Customers



through the Merchants Bank. With Branches in all parts of Canada, and correspondents abroad, this Bank is in a position to present Drafts promptly, have them accepted, and collect payment, with the least possible trouble and cost to you.

The Manager will be glad to take up this matter with you.

21

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1864.

Head Office : Montreal.

Napanee Branch, - - - E. R. Checkley, Manager.
Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, - J. W. McClymont, Manager.
Tamworth Branch, - - - S. D. Whaley, Manager.

IMPORTANT CHANGE OF TIME
Effective Oct. 5th, 1919

For particulars enquire nearest C. N. Rys Agent.

CANADIAN NATIONAL

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of George Ammon Denyes, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of George Ammon Denyes, late of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, U. S. A., drawman, deceased, who died on or about the ninth day of July, A. D., 1919, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Uriah Sarney Wilson, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for James W. Denyes, Administrator of the property of the said George Ammon Denyes, deceased, on or before the 5th day of Oct., A. D., 1919, their names in full, their residences, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 14th day of October, A. D., 1919, the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

U. M. WILSON,
Solicitor for the said Administrator

Dated this 27th day of September, 1919. 43

DOXSEE & CO.

MILLINERY

This department is especially attractive with a nice collection of autumn styles, introducing a choice variety of exclusive models and including the newest designs in Ready-to-Wear Hats. The shapes are large rolling sailors with soft crowns, small close fitting effects with soft and tam crowns trimmed with Ostrich feathers, Grycerine Ostrich, flowers and wings.

Misses' & Children's Hats

Nice collection of velours, velvet and beaver in Navy Brown and Black.—PRICES MODERATE.

All-Wool Knitted Pullovers for women.—Special Price to clear.

The Leading Millinery House

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated 1869
Head Office, Montreal

Capital Paid Up.....$16,000,000
Reserve Funds..... 17,000,000

600 Branches
throughout Canada, Nfld., West Indies, in Central and South America,

London, Eng., New York, N.Y.
Savings Department
at all Branches. Deposits received and interest allowed at highest current rates.

Napanee Branch—
R. G. H. Travers, Mgr.

Bath Branch—
G. W. Cuppage, Mgr.

Odessa Branch—
H. Ryckman, Mgr.

Enterprise Branch—
F. J. Hunter, Mgr.

Kodaks and supplies for sale at WALLACE'S, sole agents for Napanee.

SUCCESS and Independence.—Do not depend on what you earn but on what you save. The Standard Bank of Canada can very materially assist you to win success and secure independence.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

NAPANEE BRANCH
R. R. WHITE, Manager
BRANCHES ALSO AT
BELLEVILLE, BLOOMFIELD, BRIGHTON, CAMPBELLFORD, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON, WELLINGTON.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

HOUSE TO RENT—On Robert St. Inquire of JOHN A. CLIFF, Owner. 40-tf

GOOD GENERAL HOUSE MAID WANTED.—Apply to MRS. C. I. MAYBEE. 42-tf

WANTED—General Servant. Apply MRS. W. P. DEROCHE, East Street. 41sp

FOR SALE—Lot No. 10, West side Robert street, Napanee. Desirable property. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 36-tf

HOUSE FOR SALE—That desirable Brick Double House, corner Bridge and Adelphi Streets. Apply to M. R. MILLS. 41-tf

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN 42-tf

STRAYED — To my premises, a brown spaniel dog. Owner will please call for same and pay expenses. W. J. SMILE. 41-tf

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas Street; one Store House and Emporium, on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Symington. 6-tf

PURE BRED—Large English Berkshire Boar for service, also one Yorkshire. Fee $1.00 at time of service. A. McCUTCHEON, Robin, Ont. 41-tf

CANARIES FOR SALE — Choice Yellow Canaries, male and female, good singers. Apply MRS. T. A. SEALE, Robbie, Ont. 42-sp

TO RENT—The brick building on the north east square, known as the Jennings Hotel. Suitable for store or dwelling. Possession Nov. 1st. Apply C. A. WESEMAN. 44-tf

FOR SALE—Three piece black walnut bedroom furniture, marble top. New piano-forte, knives, forks and spoons. At stone house on Donald street. J. T. MILSAP. 40-tf

HOUSE FOR SALE — Desirable frame house on Mill Street, six rooms, hall and woodshed newly papered. In good condition. Gas for cooking. Apply MRS. SHORTS, Thomas street. 42-sp

FOR SALE—Brick House on East Street, home of the late Dr. G. C. T. Ward, large garden, barn, all modern conveniences. Would make a splendid rooming house. For further information, enquire of MRS. WARD, Napanee. 36-tf

Boyes Grocery.

For summer camping : Potted Meats, Salmon, Sardines, Tuna Fish, Lobster, Shrimps, Kippered Herring, Olives, Pickles, Fancy Cake, of all kinds, lemons, oranges and bananas, cooked Ham and Bologna.

G. W. BOYES.

'Phone 236. John St.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge at visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

W. G. WILSON,
BARRISTER,
olicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Et
P. O. Box 630. Telephone No. 83.
FFICE — North Side Dundas Street
Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE
Barristers, etc.
ONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
ffice—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN,
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ney to loan at lowest rates.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street
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R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.
ate House surgeon of the Kingston Gener Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, betwee Ireland and Fisher Streets, Napanee. 137

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

Hundreds of Thousands of WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL

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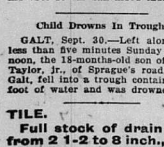

Write for specimen pages, illustrations, etc., or, for a set of Pocket Maps of the same title (see paper).

G. & C. MERRIAM
Springfield, Mass.

9-3m

Making Russian Money.

GENEVA, Sept. 30. — Roumanian troops have seized a big German biplane carrying 300,000,000 paper roubles and a miniature, but complete printing press at Botny, Bessarabia, according to the Roumanian bureau at Berne. The biplane, which was en route to Moscow, was forced to land at Hotin because of a leak in the gasoline tank. It was manned by four German officers who are said to have resented their arrest. The roubles were all said to have been new notes.

Will Retain Ruler.

LUXEMBOURG, Sept. 30. — The vote by which the people of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg decided Sunday upon retention of Grand Duchess Charlotte as ruler will be in proportion of nearly two to one, according to the first 3,000 ballots, which number had been counted up to noon Monday. The economic alliance with France was favored in even a somewhat greater proportion, the vote so far canvassed indicates.

Child Drowns In Trough.

GALT, Sept. 30.—Left alone for less than five minutes Sunday afternoon, the 18-months-old son of John Taylor, jr., of Sprague's road, near Galt, fell into a trough containing a foot of water and was drowned.

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., also chimney brick—Napanee Brick Yard.

BRITISH FACE A CRISIS

Railway Strike Amounts Almost to Revolution.

Premier Lloyd George Declares That the Gigantic Upheaval Is an Anarchistic Conspiracy—Over Half a Million Men Have Left Their Work, and the Country Is Completely Paralyzed.

LONDON, Sept. 30. — With over half a million men on strike, British railway services are paralyzed from Land's End to John O'Groat's. In Ireland there is neither stoppage nor even interruption. Lloyd George addressed to Carnarvon, 'where he was to have spoken, a message in which he ascribes the light and unjustified way in which the strike was entered upon to an anarchist conspiracy.

"The Government has reason to believe," he wrote, "that the strike has been engineered for some time by a small but active body of men who wrought tirelessly and insidiously to exploit the labor organizations of this country for subversive ends. I am convinced that the vast majority of trade unionists of the land are opposed to this anarchist conspiracy."

For months past there have been sporadic strikes in every industry. When one strike could not be so called. It is contended that revolutionary elements had planned a deliberate campaign to ruin the country, and that this was their strategy. Hence the Government's decision to make an issue of the railroad question. Lloyd George declared to the point that the railwaymen's executive committee broke off negotiations and hastily declared an immediate strike by stating that the Government begging the men's leaders to postpone the strike, were it for only two or three days.

Some element of personal feeling appears to have entered into the railwaymen's executive committee's refusal. J. H. Thomas, secretary of the union, complains of the "autocratic" attitude of Sir Robert Horne, Minister of Labor, and Sir Eric Geddes, Minister of Transport, and of "academic snubs" from Sir Auckland Geddes in the course of the negotiations. This in itself is inadequate to explain why the negotiations collapsed.

A railway strike has not been declared in Ireland, but the men are awaiting instructions and are ready to obey. The Irish Labor party and Trades Union Congress have issued an official statement, warning the workers to be ready to assist the railwaymen in every possible way.

Numerous meetings of railway workers were held in Belfast and other Irish towns Sunday, and solidarity with the English workers was professed.

Secretary Birmingham, of the Irish section of the National Union of Railwaymen, speaking in Dublin, said:

"Our friends in England are aware that martial law in Ireland is a dangerous thing to tamper with before they do not desire to precipitate matters. But we must regard ourselves as a reserve force able to be ready to act when the generals call."

All cross-Channel service to England has been suspended.

Sir Robert Stevenson Horne, Minister of Labor, in an interview on the railway strike said:

"This marks the gravest industrial crisis which has confronted this country for many years, and it occurs at a time when its consequences can be most fruitful of injury.

"The country is only now beginning to struggle toward the rehabilitation of its industries, and the effect of this stoppage cannot be otherwise than disastrous.

"More remarkable than anything else about the strike is its extraordinary precipitancy, and the apparent complete disregard of the public. It is concerned with the question of wages, yet the change in wages which the railwaymen fear cannot by any possibility take place before October 31, and not even then unless conditions are much altered from what anybody anticipates.

"The Government cannot agree to make permanent the wages which prevailed during the latter period of the war. The new standard is the average adds 100 per cent. to the pre-war wages, but the men consider this too low.

"A man who was earning from 18 to 20 shillings before the war is receiving, with the 100 per cent., from 51 to 52 shillings. Under the Government proposal the men will receive permanently a 140 per cent. more for a shorter day's work than before the war. There will be an addition of £67,000,000 to the railwaymen's wages.

"This is not a strike against private employers; it is a strike against the state. It is for the purpose of increasing any capitalists' profits; it is purely a question of saving the state from disaster."

The Food Controller has issued an order virtually reviving the war measures regarding food, namely, by prohibiting hoarding beyond one week's supply, and applying the rationing of meals to public eating houses, which will not be allowed to serve sugar, milk or butter separately, except to children under ten years of age. Local Food Controllers are empowered to fix maximum prices of articles which previously have not been affected by such methods. All persons liable to drill are advised invited to offer their services to the Government.

Fresh Attempt to Capture Petrograd.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Michael Rodzianko, a former President of the Russian Duma, has issued an order of the day to the Northwestern Army, according to a Helsingfors despatch to the Central News announcing an attempt to capture Petrograd. Rodzianko says he is able to resume the fight vigorously, having assembled strong troops and received all kinds of supplies from the Entente countries.

Germans Must Quit Baltic Provinces.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—The text of the note sent by the Allied powers to the German Government concerning the evacuation of the Baltic provinces was made public Sunday evening. The note says the evacuation must begin immediately and continue uninterruptedly. That German soldiers and officers who were demobilized from the German army and have enlisted in various Russian corps must be recalled is like a stipulation of the note, and rigorous measures must be taken to prevent further enlistments in these corps.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Premier Hearst announced Monday, October 20, as election day.

Alexander Hall, of Meaford, died at the supper table, in his 78th year.

Chisham is to take over the electrical business of the Chatham Gas Company.

In a drunken quarrel Fred Hanson stabbed and killed William Hansen in Toronto.

Burglars in London secured some $10,000 worth of goods from three large retail stores.

Capt. Bradley, a British aviator, has landed at Lausanne, after having flown over the Alps.

Mr. James Simpson was nominated in West York by a convention of Farmers and Labor men.

Premier Paderewski is urging the claims of Poland to Galicia before the Supreme Council at Paris.

Luke Donnelly, 64 years old, a street cleaner in St. Catharines, dropped dead with his shovel in his hand.

King Albert, Queen Elizabeth and Crown Prince Leopold of Belgium have sailed on their voyage to America.

The body of a man about thirty-five years old was found in the woods near Gravenhurst, with a shotgun lying across it.

Members of the Dutch delegation at Paris deny the reported break in diplomatic relations between Holland and Belgium.

The investigation by Commissioner Dr. J. G. Rutherford into horse racing and race track gambling opened at Ottawa.

G. R. Geary may be Conservative candidate in Southwest Toronto as probable successor to Hon. I. B. Lucas as Attorney-General.

German commissioners have gone to Douai and Arras regions with an entente-allied delegation to visit the mines and consider reconstruction.

Raoul Rohie and Logornie Tubergeau, French-Canadian trackmen, each aged eighteen, who had just come yesterday morning to Lyn, Ont., to work in the district of the Grand Trunk, were instantly killed in the afternoon.

THURSDAY.

Many public men attended the funeral of Hon. Frank Cochrane.

Snow covered the ground in the Abitibi region, Quebec, Tuesday.

Thomas Hook, Conservative member of South-East Toronto, is dead.

Pte. Chas. Crierdon of Wolseley Barracks, London, was drowned at Fort Stanley.

John Wright, of Jasper, near Brockville, 75 years old, died as the result of being dragged some distance by a colt.

The doctors of Dundalk, Ireland, have gone on strike to enforce demands for a minimum salary of $25 per week.

The Polish Press Bureau at Berne announces that Gen. Denikine has effected a junction with Polish troops near Kerostene.

Richard Rockefeller has contributed $2,000,000 to the Ministers and Missionary Board of the Northern Baptist Convention.

The Italian authorities have arrested five anarchists who reached Naples yesterday from New York by the steamer Europa.

The bank statement for August showed an increase of more than $21,000,000 in savings accounts, as compared with July.

The final shipload of Canadian and American R.A.F. officers to be repatriated by the British Government arrived at Montreal on the Megantic Tuesday night.

Richard Dolan, a farmer, of Amelasburgh township, was killed by lightning while in his barn, which was consumed, with the season's crops and a horse.

Five carloads of sugar to relieve the shortage for preserving has been placed in the hands of eight Winnipeg jobbers for distribution throughout the province.

Miss Rose Martel, of Quebec, has been informed of a bequest of $75,000 in the will of Wm. Hughes, of Butte, Montana, to whom she was engaged, but who was killed in action in France.

FRIDAY.

The third Masonic lodge for St. Thomas was formally dedicated.

Ben Hur Jones, British Labor leader, made notable addresses in Hamilton.

Mrs. John Snider, of Seneca, died from a hemorrhage, the result of a fit of coughing.

Dr. Caroline Brown, of Toronto, will seek a Conservative nomination in one of the Toronto ridings.

Owing to class limitations 75 student applicants at the Dental College in Toronto will have to wait one year.

Instructions have been sent by the Education Department to teachers telling them to "cease up" on home work.

Robert Wallen, a Michigan Central section man, was instantly killed at Hagersville by being struck by an express train.

King Alfonso of Spain, who has not visited France since 1914, arrived at Bordeaux, incognito, Wednesday night.

A meteorological conference has opened at South Kensington, London, at which the Dominions and India are represented.

John Gorran, of Shamrock, near Renfrew, was instantly killed by being whirled around when his clothes got caught in a driving belt of a thresher.

The chief of police of Brantford, in which city ten fires have occurred in as many consecutive days, has received two threatening letters from the firebug.

The parliamentary committee of the Trades Union Congress has drafted a demand for presentation to the Government dealing with the nationalization of the mines.

In the course of the discussion in the Chamber of Deputies on the Peace Treaty, Foreign Minister Pichon upheld the right of the British Dominions to membership in the League of Nations.

SATURDAY.

Snow flurries fell in Montreal, the first of the season.

Returned aviators are forming a club to promote flying.

Eight deaths have been caused by a cyclone at Palmi, Calabria.

The Board of Commerce has resumed the inquiry into bacon prices.

The evacuation of North Russia by British troops will be completed within a week.

John D. Rockefeller has given $20,000,000 for the improvement of medical education in the United States.

Miss Ada Mackenzie and W. J. Thompson turned in the best score in the mixed foursomes at Mississauga yesterday.

Tom Moore and P. M. Draper were re-elected, respectively, president and secretary of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada.

Jimmy Goodrich, of Lackawanna, won the Canadian featherweight title by outpointing Bobby Eber in a ten-round bout at London.

Gordon Dennis, 8 years of age, was suffocated in Toronto when an embanking caved in which he was playing suddenly collapsed.

Ben Guerin, about forty-five years of age, was instantly killed by being struck by a C.P.R. passenger train on a crossing at Sault Ste. Marie.

Pacific coast shipyard employees threaten to strike unless the Navy Department revokes the order prohibiting wage increases after Oct. 1.

James Allan, a prominent farmer, was almost instantly killed when a Germin bomb, on exhibition at the Harry Soule Fall Fair, exploded when a soldier touched the fever.

The Canadian Aerial Transportation & Advertising System, Ltd., of Montreal, has purchased ten Curtiss airplanes specially built for commercial work, which it will use, as also seaplanes, in the vicinity of Montreal.

MONDAY.

About half of the bread bakers of Toronto are on strike.

Joseph Lauzer, wife and two boys were hurt by a motor car in Toronto.

American steel companies are in strategic position than for five years past.

A branch of the Returned Soldiers' Grain Growers has been formed in Hamilton.

Rev. Canon Vm. Greenwood Hampton, passed away after about a year's serious illness.

Dr. John M. Platt, of Picton, formerly was ten of Kingston Penitentiary, died in the age of 83.

Serbia is now willing to sign the Austrian treaty to which it formerly refused to put its signature.

Rev. R. William Patterson preached in Cooke's Church, Toronto, in remembrance of the Ulster covenant.

Pte. Hall, of Ottawa, won the $500 cash prize for the winner of the professional golf tournament at Winnipeg.

James Hartman was acquitted by the jury at Kingston of the charge of murdering his stepson, Fred Hartman, last February.

The British evacuation of Archangel has been completed, with the exception of 200 Highlanders, who were to embark yesterday.

Cameron of Vancouver won the all-round A.A.U. of C. title at Ottawa Saturday. One Canadian record was broken, that in the javelin throw.

The Winnipeg Local Council of Women has withdrawn from the National Council in protest against the policy of the June convention at Regina.

Owing to the strike in London, Hyde Park has been closed to the public. It a planned to use it as a parking place for motor vehicles and a centre for distributing food and milk.

TUESDAY.

Toronto bread drivers, by a large vote, decided not to join the bakers' strike.

The Italian Parliament has been dissolved and elections will be held on November 16.

The Board of Commerce has fixed the flour and pork products at the price they stood at on March 10.

Shortage of tin plate is causing more canneries in the Niagara district to shut down temporarily.

Miss Matilda Rink was sentenced at Welland to three years in the Penitentiary for inciting to arson.

A coroner's jury in Toronto returned a verdict against Fred Hanson, who killed William Hansen.

The Brazilian Government has given the sole air mail contract for Brazil, over all routes, to the Handley-Page Company.

Mike O'Dowd, middleweight champion of the world, outpointed Augie Ratner in an eight-round bout at Jersey City last night.

Arrangements have been made by the French Government for the manufacture of standard suits for men costing 110 francs ($22).

A Kitchener young man found sleeping in a room of three young women was fined $50 and costs after spending the week-end in the cells.

While on a voyage to West Hartlepool the barque Caesar struck a mine and was blown up. One man was drowned and the mate was killed.

Miss Edith McKnight, of Teeterville, was almost instantly killed when her motor car was struck by a car on the L. E. & N. Railway at Wilsonville.

That Canada faces a winter of more unemployment than since 1915, is the opinion of Bryce M. Stewart, head of the Labor Department's employment bureaux.

Pierre Guerrard, who had worked for twenty-six years in a tannery at Quebec without any mishap, changed his job yesterday, and had barely started to work in another tannery when he was caught in a shaft and instantly killed.

QUEEN OF SONG PASSES

Adelina Patti Died at Her Castle in Wales.

Many Critics Said that Prima Donna Had Most Beautiful Soprano Voice Ever Heard In the World—She Made an Enormous Fortune and Lived Quietly In Retirement for Many Years.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Adelina Patti, the prima donna, died at Craig-y-Nos Castle, Pencae, South Wales.

Mme. Adelina Patti reigned for forty years as queen of singers. Her marvellous voice thrilled the greatest contemporaries of her days. The elder Dumas, the French dramatist, once said to her:

"Being a man and a Christian, I love to kneel on your virginity; but if I were a bird I would die of envy."

"She had tones so beautiful," said one eminent musical critic, "that they seemed to gush spontaneously from the very fountain spring of vocal youth."

Mme. Patti as a child of seven years made her debut at Tripler Hall, in New York, singing arias from the "Barber," 1855. She was a remarkable prodigy of the day and nearly ruined her voice by overwork. She appeared again at the age of thirteen. After a tour through the West Indies she withdrew to prepare for a greater career.

At the age of sixteen she appeared in the Academy of Music, New York, in her first opera role, "Lucia di Lammermoor." Her wonderful soprano roused the audience to the wildest enthusiasm, and her fame swept the country. At this time she was earning $1100 a week. She repeated her conquest in "Le Sonnambula" in Covent Garden, London, in 1861. Her salary had increased to $750 per month.

It was the beginning of a dazzling conquest of all Europe. Princes entertained her and courted her favor. The populace besieged her hotels and theatres. Men in all stations of life devoted to her and cast them aside with a laugh and a trill. She finally capitulated at the age of 25 to Ernest, Marquis of Caux, nephew to Napoleon III. They separated after a few years, Mme. Patti finally securing a divorce in 1885 to marry Signor Ernesto Nicolini, an Italian tenor singer.

She made her final professional appearance at the age of 65 in London. Her last days were passed in Wales at her beautiful castle, "Craig-y-Nos," with her third husband, Baron of Cederstrom, whom she married in 1899, a year after the death of Nicolini.

Mme. Patti is reputed to have left an estate valued at more than $3,000,000.

As an operatic singer she excelled in the lighter roles, such as that of Rosina in the "Barber of Seville," a part in which Mme. Jenny Heschel, in his "Musings and Memories," says no other singer has quite approached her, and Patti's Don Giovanni, in which to her vocal accomplishments she added the quality of bewitching acting. It may seem paradoxical to say that she was at once evenly beautiful to give expression to the bombre emotions of despair or passion which dominate tragedy, and for the effective portrayal of which we must look to the dramatic soprano.

It may be represented that the career of Jenny Lind challenged that of Patti in the degree of its world triumphs. But any such claim, however, Jenny Lind's voice was the subject of criticism in regard to its longitude. That of Patti was acknowledged to be as perfect as it could be imagined nature could make it. Thoughtful critics among her most studious audiences must have gained some inspiration from her matchless ease of production.

In private life Mme. Patti had a rare personal charm. She was, moreover, unaffectedly simple, and, it is said, remained young in heart to the age of kings, the adulation of friends, and the plaudits of multitudes. Amid the allurements, the glitter of her public life she preserved her natural love for home life and domestic tranquility. In a letter to an esteemed friend, in which she referred to her triumphs, she wrote: "I shall be so happy to see my dear castle again and have a little peace and quietness."

Canon Walsh Dead.

BRAMPTON, Sept. 30. — Canon Walsh, for twenty-nine years rector of Christ Church, Brampton, passed away at an early hour Sunday morning. He was 72 years of age, and had been in failing health for some months. He was for many years rector of Clark, county of Durham, and entered the ministry fifty years ago, and was one of the oldest clergy in that part of Ontario. He was the representative of the Orange Grand Lodge of British America at the meeting of the Triennial Council a few days ago. He was also associated with the work of the Masonic Order and of the Independent Order of Foresters.

Britain Lost 234 War Ships.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—An official return just issued shows that British warships lost during the war numbered 254. Of these 234 were battleships, three battle cruisers, thirteen cruisers, six light cruisers, 64 destroyers and submarines. Auxiliaries lost during the war totalled 815, including 244 colliers and 246 trawlers.

Sir Robert Borden Ill.

OTTAWA, Sept. 9. — Sir Robert Borden caught a chill on Friday and is confined to his home. The Premier was able to sit up Sunday, but it is not expected that he will be out for a few days.

Evacuation of Archangel area by British troope is continuing uninterruptedly.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarrhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflamation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Fresh, rich, full-flavored tea —the same every time

REDROSE TEA "is good tea"

Sold only in sealed packages

ITALY WANTS FIUME.

Disorderly Scenes In the Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, Sept. 30. — A resolution demanding that Fiume be made an Italian city has been passed by the Italian Chamber of Deputies, according to information received by the Italian delegation here.

Debate in the Italian Chamber of Deputies was interrupted Monday by a free fight which lasted ten minutes and in which about 100 deputies participated. The Cabinet has decided to resign, and Parliament will be dissolved today. It is asserted the fight in the Chamber indicates what would occur in the country.

Elections, it is thought, will be held on November 16, and Parliament will reassemble on December 1.

In consequence of the fight in the chamber several duels were announced between deputies and between deputies and journalists.

A prolonged, heated discussion preceded the riotous scene. The members of the Parliamentary League insisted upon asking the Government whether it intended to discuss the treaties before adjournment. Premier Nitti answered that he would first have a vote of confidence and then whatever Cabinet should be in power would decide what should be done. Thereupon members of the Parliamentary League invaded the Ministers' bench, shouting and gesticulating.

A party of Socialists thereupon rushed from their seats and faced their adversaries, the group soon engaging in fisticuffs.

Premier Nitti, who had left the Government benches, returned to his place when the disturbance had somewhat subsided. He was greeted with warm applause.

All members of the Chamber of Deputies, with the exception of the official Socialists, voted confidence in Premier Nitti in the vote taken in the Chamber. Two members refrained from casting their ballots.

The adjournment, taken after the vote of confidence, was amidst the greatest excitement, many of the deputies expressing doubt as they dispersed as to whether the Government really intended to bring the matter of the discussion of the treaties up on Wednesday. The belief seemed rather to be that the Chamber would be dissolved for the holding of general elections.

The vicinity of the chamber was occupied by police, carabineers and troops, while the body was in session, to prevent disorders, and groups that gathered to make demonstrations for or against the Government were easily dispersed.

GOES TO SING SING.

German Spy to Serve Sentence for Forgery.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—"Count" Max Lynar Louden, a former German agent, who included among his exploits a plot to kidnap President Wilson and invade Canada, with 150,000 German reservists, was sentenced to three years in Sing Sing Prison Monday for attempted forgery. The "Count" was recently released from the same prison where he has spent his time since April, 1916, serving an indeterminate sentence for bigamy.

When he was not engaged on his plot to invade Canada, Louden occupied himself with promoting a company to manufacture an "unsinkable" ship he claimed to have invented. He succeeded in interesting several financiers on the project, among them being William Bernard, president of the International Salt Co., and director of the Irving National Bank. Later Mr. Bernard swore out a warrant for his arrest after he learned that Louden was trying to influence other financiers by exhibiting a cheque for $10,000 to which he had signed the banker's name.

Louden was always a "Count" during his American career, but the remainder of his name changed as fancy or circumstances dictated. He was successively known as Count Albert Mariel de Passy, Count Gebhard von Blucher and Count Chimang.

Back Go Clocks on October 27.

OTTAWA, Sept. 30. — Sun time will come into effect in Canada immediately after two o'clock on the morning of October 27. At that hour all over Canada trains will come to a stand for an hour. Clocks will be turned back an hour so as to switch industry and all the varied manifestations of life to the Dominion back to the old time.

British Airmen Over Kronstadt.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—British airmen, according to reports from Viceberg, are keeping Kranstadt uninterruptedly in a state of suspense. From 14,000 pounds to 18,000 pounds of explosives are reported to have been dropped on the fortress.

A large shipment of Zenoleum just received at WALLACE'S Drug Store, special agents for this district.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE MARKETS

FARMERS' MARKET.

TORONTO, Sept. 30.—Quotations in the Board of Trade yesterday were as follows:—

Manitoba Wheat (in Store, Fort William).
No. 1 northern, $2.30.
No. 2 northern, $2.27.
No. 3 northern, $2.24.

Manitoba Oats (in Store, Fort William).
No. 2 C.W., 81½c.
No. 3 C.W., 80½c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 81½c.
No. 1 feed, 82½c.
No. 2 feed, 82½c.

Manitoba Barley (in Store, Ft. William).
No. 3 C.W., $1.25½.
No. 4 C.W., $1.21½.
Rejected, $1.15½.
Feed, $1.21½.

American Corn (Track, Toronto).
No. 2 yellow, nominal.
No. 4 yellow, $2.30 to $2.35.

Ontario Oats (According to Freights Outside).
No. 3 white, 86c to 87c.

Ontario Wheat (f.o.b., Shipping Points, According to Freights).
No. 1 winter, mixed or red per car, $2 to $2.06.
No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.97 to $2.02.
No. 3 winter, per car lot, $1.93 to $1.99.
No. 1 spring, per car lot, $2.02 to $2.08.
No. 2 spring, per car lot, $1.99 to $2.04.
No. 3 spring per car lot, $1.95 to $2.01.

Barley (According to Freights Outside).
Malting, $1.27 to $1.30.

Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, nominal.

Rye (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, nominal.

Flour, Manitoba Flour (Toronto).
Government standard, $11.
Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment, in Jute Bags).
Government standard, $9.40 to $9.60.
Montreal: $9.40 to $9.60, Toronto.
Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freights, Bags Included).
Bran, per ton, $42.
Shorts, per ton, $55.
Good feed flour, per bag, $2.50.
Hay (Track, Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, $24 to $26.
Mixed, per ton, $18 to $20.
Straw (Track, Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, $10 to $11.

Farmers' Market.

Fall wheat—Red, 2 bushel, nominal.
Spring wheat—No. 2, per bush., nominal.
Goose wheat, per bushel, nominal.
Barley—Malting, $1.35 per bushel.
Oats—Per bushel, 85c per bushel.
Buckwheat—Nominal.
Rye—According to sample, nominal.
Hay—Timothy, $25 to $30 per ton; new, $20 to $22; mixed and clover, $22 to $24.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

J. P. Bickell & Co., Standard Bank Building, report the following prices on the Chicago board of trade:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close
Corn—					
May	124	124¾	121¼	122¾	123⅝
Sept.	142¾	145	142	143¾	145¾
Dec.	119¾	121¾	118¾	120¾	121¾
Oats—					
May	72⅞	73¼	72	72¼	73⅝
Sept.	64⅜	65⅞	63¾	65⅜	65⅝
Dec.	63⅜	64⅜	63	63⅝	64⅜
Pork—					
Jan.	34.50	34.50	34.25	34.25	35.00
Sept.				41.50	41.50
Oct.	35.50	35.50	35.25	35.50	36.10
Lard—					
Jan.	23.15	23.17	22.90	22.90	23.25
Sept.	26.35	27.10	26.35	26.85	27.00
Oct.	27.00	27.15	26.70	26.85	27.00
Ribs—					
Jan.	18.70	18.72	18.20	18.20	18.95
Sept.			19.00	19.00	19.50
Oct.	19.40	19.40	19.00	19.00	19.40

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Sept. 30.—With 4,600 cattle in round numbers on the Union Stock Yards yesterday the market in the early morning hours opened a trifle slow, but the trade brightened up with a good active market for the good handyweight butcher cattle, at steady with last Thursday's prices of from 30c to 40c up over a week ago.

In all other lines the common and medium grades were steady to firm with a fair good clean up on all classes.

Several loads of good steers, weighing around 1050 lbs., sold at $11.25, and $50-lb. cattle brought from $9.25 to $9.50. The stocker and feeder trade was steady and canners and cutters unchanged.

There were about 4800 sheep and lambs in the market, the latter selling the bulk of them around 12c to 13½c, and some at 14c. The market was good and strong. The sheep market eased off and sold ½c lower, with good veil calves steady and the heavy ones hard to cash in.

The hog market was steady at 16½c to the drover, 16¾c f.o.b., and 17¾c fed and watered. For to-day the packers are talking easier prices, and that's about all you can say about it.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, Sept. 30.—Cattle, receipts, 2,700; 25c to 50c higher; prime steers, $12.50 to $13; shipping steers, $10 to $12.50; butchers, $9.75 to $12.50; yearlings, $11 to $12; heifers, $8.50 to $12.50; cows, $4 to $11; bulls, $6 to $10.50; stockers and feeders, $6 to $9; fresh cows and springers, strong, $65 to $170.

Calves—Receipts, 1,400; steady; $7 to $23.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 9,600; active, strong; others lower; heavy, $18.25 to $18.40; mixed and yorkers, $18.50; light, $17.75 to $18; pigs, $16 to $16; roughs, $14.50 to $15; stags, $10 to $13.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 10,400; lambs 75c lower; lambs, $8 to $12; yearlings, $10 to $10.50; wethers, $8 to $9.25; ewes, $2 to $7.50; mixed sheep, $8 to $9.50.

WINNIPEG LIVE STOCK.

Winnipeg, Sept. 29.—At the Union Stock Yards today live stock receipts were 2709 cattle, 84 calves, 116 hogs and 285 sheep. Butcher steers, $8 to $10; cows, $5.75 to $8.50; cows, $3.50 to $9; bulls, $4.50 to $6; oxen, $6 to $8.50; stockers, $6 to $10.50; sheep, $5 to $10; calves, $5 to $10.50; lambs, $6.50 to $12.50.

Hogs, $17; heavies, $14 to $15; sows, $11.50 to $13; stags, $8 to $10; lights, $16 to $17.

Colored Woman Jumps from Car.

HALIFAX, Sept. 30.—Mrs. George Rachford, colored, died Sunday afternoon as the result of injuries sustained by jumping from a swiftly moving automobile driven by her husband, who has been arrested pending an investigation. It appears the couple "had some words," after which the woman jumped and fractured her skull. She died shortly after being removed to the hospital.

WHEN USING WILSON'S FLY PADS
READ DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY AND FOLLOW THEM EXACTLY
Far more effective than Sticky Fly Catchers. Clean to handle. Sold by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

Making New Canadians

THIRTY-NINE young Polish-Canadians marched up and down the yard of a country school in Northern Manitoba and took their marching orders from a sergeant-major of fourteen years. They went through the manual exercise as precisely as a regiment of trained soldiers, and when they were through with it they passed in file into the school house. The day's work indoors began with some singing, in English, and the instruction during the day, as every day, was also in English. Yet a year ago not one of the young folk in that school could speak or understand a word of the language.

All through the prairie West the Canadianization of the foreign-speaking people is being given an increased amount of attention, and in many cases with surprisingly good results. What has been done in that one Manitoba school is being done in many others in that province and in Saskatchewan and Alberta. With or without military drill, the lesson of British patriotism is being driven home, and the virus of alien intolerance and prejudice is being measure overcome by the good work being done with the rising generation. Perhaps the Bolshevists have not sufficiently taken into account the Canadian educational system.

Dr. J. T. M. Anderson was a short time ago appointed director of education for new Canadians in Saskatchewan, and with the endorsation of the Provincial Department of Education is now initiating a policy that aims at giving to every child of non-English parentage a training necessary for good Canadian citizenship. The instruction is to be given by Canadian teachers, and under conditions much more favorable than have obtained heretofore.

It used to be more than a year's salary made up for to live as the teachers in the average foreign-speaking community out West had to live. There was in many cases nothing for them to do but to go a-boarding with some of the funny-named people whose children they taught by day, and in whose bad-smelling houses they slept at night. Non-English hosts and hostesses were frequently persons of excellent intentions, who did the best they could for the schoolma'ams, but the results were seldom entirely happy, and as a natural consequence school districts of this kind were avoided. It is now proposed, however, to supply comfortable cottages in which the teachers are to keep house for themselves. To live among the immigrant settlers isn't so bad when one hasn't to live with them.

A similar plan is being put into effect in Alberta also. The Department of Education in that province will prepare plans for small residences for teachers, and will pay one-third of the cost of construction if the building is of a value of not less than $1,000. The local school district must do the rest. Married men will then be sent as principals of these schools, taking their families with them to the school residences, and boarding the assistant teachers as a matter of mutual accommodation. This housing feature will not be compulsory, but will be introduced where local circumstances make it advisable.

Both in Saskatchewan and Alberta the new plans of the Education Departments involve a wider use of the school building as a centre of community life and betterment. In the latter province the trustees will be encouraged to furnish the schools so that they can be used as community halls for lectures, concerts, and such like. A grant of fifty per cent. of the cost of equipment for movable and adjustable seats will be made to each rural school district, up to a maximum of $250, and in this way it is hoped to encourage the country people to use their schools as real centres of social welfare.

Saskatchewan will try the plan of stocking some of its schools in non-English communities with newspapers and magazines. Grafanolas will also be recommended to the trustees as a means of cultivating the children's taste for good music and oratory, and wherever practicable sewing machines will be installed for the girls. Libraries will be established in the foreign schools of Manitoba by the Daughters of the Empire, as war memorials to the fallen.

Some of the rural districts of Saskatchewan, where the non-English population is dominant, have never before had winter schools, but the experiment has proved a success, and will likely be continued. In all such cases an effort is being made to cultivate community spirit and to use the school as a real source of social betterment. Here is a report from a teacher in one such school that shows how the plan is working out:

"We opened school about the middle of January. It is the first time they have had a winter school in this Ruthenian district. I have about thirty enrolled, and twelve are attending night school two evenings a week. On February 7 we held our first social evening. I was agreeably surprised to find the people so neatly dressed. Two other English teachers attended me. We played games, and later danced. I was most favorably impressed with the manner in which all appreciated our efforts to entertain them. They passed English quite freely throughout the evening."

Practical Mind.

The American tourist who said of Niagara Falls, "Gosh! that's neat!" is matched by a Scotch tourist at the Pyramids, who, according to Harper's Magazine, said, as he gazed at the stupendous pile, "Ah, mon, what a lot o' mason-work not to be bringing in any rent!"

Bird Reserves.

It is something for one bird to tell another that Canada has created a series of reserves in the Province of Quebec where birds are safe from man-made troubles. Unlike most bird refuges, Percé Rock, a picturesque island near Percé Village; the east and north cliffs of Bonaventure Island, three miles further away; and the north shore of the Magdalen Islands, 134 miles out to sea, have been set apart specifically to protect birds whose value to mankind is chiefly their beauty as a part of nature. There is no attempt to argue, for example, that the gannet, the kittiwake, or the razorbill auk should be protected because they "help the farmer"; they are protected simply because they are birds. No human being may steal an egg from their nests; no weapon dangerous to their welfare may be brought within a mile of their island sanctuaries. Naturally all other birds are equally safe, and the three refuges will be a help toward carrying out the purpose of the international treaty for bird protection.

ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. Chumling, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which soon regulated me and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. Elise Herm, R. No. 6, Box 83, Lowell, Mich.

Why Not Try

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. Lynn, Mass.

Prize Ring Pugilists Mostly English.

ONE of those famous experts, about 85 per cent. of whom were wrong about the Wills-Dempsey prize fight, declares that the new champion will be the most popular in history. Fight experts, as a rule, know even less about history than about the prospects in any given bout, and this one in particular is likely to be wrong. When we see Dempsey a United States Senator or Speaker of the House of Representatives, we shall be obliged to withdraw this opinion, but if it does not happen it will be proof that heights once scaled by former champions are unscalable by their modern successors. There has never been a prize-fighting Senator or Speaker, of course, but Sam Morrissey went to Congress; Gully was a member of Parliament. Even John L. Sullivan was a candidate, but had little better luck with the electorate than with James J. Corbett. Dempsey promises to be more popular than Willard, for he will probably fight, and more popular than Johnson, who was a negro, but maybe not more popular than Corbett, and certainly he is unlikely to become such an idol as his namesake, the famous "Nonpareil" John L., Jack McAuliffe, Battling Nelson and a dozen other pugilists of various weights who might be recalled.

From the days of the gladiators, fighting men have made a peculiar appeal to the public, and not more to men of similar coarse and brutal type than to the "high brows." It has often been noted that authors of slender and feeble physique have shown a peculiar delight in describing scenes of blood and slaughter, Robert Louis Stevenson being the classical example. Hazlitt, one of the greatest critics and essayists of the century took keen delight in a fight between Tom Hickman, the "gasman," and Bill Neate, and afterwards wrote a particularly lively account of it. Neate won in the eighteenth round, and when Hickman came to, his first question was "Where am I? What is the matter?" On his way home from this famous contest Hazlitt noticed one of his companions reading the "New Eloise," and remarked later "Ladies, after this will you contend that a love for the Fancy has no such cognines to give them world wide publicity as exist to-day. The first English champion, called the father of British pugilism, was John Broughton. He flourished from 1705 till 1789, and was patronized by some of the most influential men of the day. The Duke of Cumberland was his constant friend and admirer, and on one occasion lent £10,000 to backing Broughton. The champion was comfortably off when he died, and now lies under an imposing tombstone in Lambeth Church. More highly honored in death was Tom Cribb, who was born in 1781, and was one of the most courageous and fairest fighters who ever drew on a glove, as well as being a man of the utmost kindliness and charity. Tom has a monument to his memory in Woolwich churchyard, representing a lion grieving over the ashes of a hero. Cribb was probably the first English champion to meet an American, his victim being Molineaux, the negro, whom he beat twice. It was never a convention of the British prize ring to draw the color line, that being an institution. If memory serves, of John L. Sullivan, and aimed at Peter Jackson. It might be remarked that those who knew the great Australian heavyweight say that he was a gentleman, and would have been a credit to any calling.

Molineaux was not content with a first beating, but asked for another match, which had the same result; and we are told that when Cribb went to London after the fight Holborn was impassable. Capt. Barclay, his patron, collected £10,000 for him, and one hesitates to name the pugilist for whom an equivalent amount could be raised to-day. Willard? A contemporary of Cribb's was one of the most famous of fighters. John Gully, one of the most noted sporting characters in history. He was not only a champion pugilist, but he performed a feat that rarely if ever has been equalled when he won the Derby three times. He was elected to Parliament. If this distinction is unique he has still another claim to lasting fame, for he was twice married and had twelve children by each wife. He left not only a family, but a fortune, and his grandson was Speaker of the British House of Parliament.

Most famous of English champions was Tom Sayers, who fought the famous draw of two hours and six minutes with John C. Heenan for the world's championship, the spectacle emptying Parliament and closing the courts. He, too, has an imposing monument. Paddy Ryan preceded John L. Sullivan as the fistic champion of his day, and Sullivan came as near being a national idol as any prize fighter in history. Fitzsimmons, who is said by many to have been the greatest fighting machine for his weight or within twenty-five pounds of it the world ever produced, was born in Cornwall, England, but learned the game in Australia. In Beckett, it is believed that England has a big man out of the ordinary.

Good-bye to Mary Pickford.

After nine more pictures Mary Pickford, the Canadian moving picture actress, says she is going to take her sunshine and curls into retirement. If the report of her newest price per picture—$250,000—may be assumed to be authentic, Miss Pickford, or "Little Mary," as she is known by millions, will take $2,250,000 into more or less retirement with her, not counting those dollars which already have been salted.

Yet the Pickfordian sunshine and the Pickfordian curls have contributed so much to contemporary life that Canadians in general and young Canada in particular would gladly bequeath to "Little Mary" all the dollars in the land, something that under present conditions would take her still several more years to get.

The latest move of Miss Pickford is a pictorial amalgamation with Douglas Fairbanks, Charles Chaplin and D. W. Griffith. This "Big Four" is to produce and distribute under their own auspices, having become tired of making their profits for wristwhile glove salesmen and corset makers.

Speaking of the plans of her daughter the other day, Mrs. Charlotte Pickford said:

"It will take months to complete the pictures contracted for on the part of Mary, and then she is going to settle down to enjoy life, as I have entreated her for a long time to do."

Once upon a time there was another lady who said she was going to retire. Her name was Mme. Patti.

The Why? of Another Victory Loan

WHEN, on the morning of November 11th, 1918, the guns were hushed and glad tidings flashed across the world, there followed with the Nation's Prayer of Thanksgiving, one yearning query, which found echo in the faster beating hearts of wives, mothers, fathers, brothers, sisters and sweethearts. That query was, "How soon will our boy be home?" And, from France and Flanders, from Italy and Egypt, from Palestine and from far-off Siberia, there came an answering echo, "How soon, how soon, may we go home?"

CANADA caught the spirit of these longings, and at once resolved to satisfy them. It was an appalling task. Shipping was tragically scarce. The decomposition of the Army of Occupation had not then been settled. And other parts of the Empire as well as Canada were looking for the speedy return of their men.

THE problem was this. The half-million men that Canada had overseas had taken more than four years to transport to the field of battle. To bring them home in a few months was a gigantic undertaking—one to tax all Canada's ingenuity and resources. Canada solved the problem, but it meant crowding into a few short months, an expense for demobilization which it was impossible to foresee.

THEN, too, besides the sentimental aspect of the necessity for bringing the men home quickly the economic side could not be overlooked. That was, to transform efficiently and speedily the nation's army of fighters into a national army of workers.

+ + + + + +

Need Divides Itself in Two Parts

The answer to the question "Why does Canada need another Victory Loan?" divides itself into two parts.

(a) To finish paying the expenses of demobilization, and the obligations we still owe to our soldiers.

(b) To provide national working capital.

Obligations to Soldiers

The obligations to soldiers include:

That already incurred cost of bringing home troops from overseas.

The payment of all soldiers still undemobilized. This includes more than 20,000 sick and wounded who are still in hospital, and who of course remain on the Army payroll till discharged.

The upkeep of hospitals, and their medical and nursing staffs, until the need for them is ended.

These three items alone will use up at least $200,000,000 of the Victory Loan 1919.

Gratuities

There is also the gratuity which has been authorized, and has been and is being paid to assist soldiers to tide over the period between discharge and their re-adjustment to civil life. For this purpose alone, $61,000,000 must be provided out of the Victory Loan 1919, in addition to the $59,000,000 already paid out of the proceeds of the Victory Loan 1918.

Land Settlement

Furthermore, soldiers who desire to become farmers may, under the Soldiers' Land Settlement Act, be loaned money by Canada with which to purchase land, stock and implements. The money so advanced will be paid back; meantime each loan is secured by a first mortgage. Up to August 15th, 29,495 soldiers had applied for land under the terms of this Act; and 22,281 applications had been investigated, and the qualifications of the applicant approved. For this purpose Canada this year requires $24,000,000.

Vocational Training

For this work which, with the Vocational Training and Soldiers' Service Departments, embraces the major activities of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, an appropriation of $57,000,000 is necessary.

These national expenditures are war expenses. They will be accepted readily by every citizen who gives thought to the task which Canada faced following the Armistice, and to the success with which she has met it.

National Working Capital

Canada needs national working capital, so that she may be able to sell on credit to Great Britain and our Allies the products of our farms, forests, fisheries, mines and factories.

You may ask "Why sell to them if they can't pay cash?" The answer is, "Their orders are absolutely essential to the continuance of our agricultural and industrial prosperity."

The magnitude of these orders and the amount of employment thus created, will depend upon the success of the Victory Loan 1919.

The "Why" of Credit Loans

Farmers and manufacturers (and that includes the workers on these orders) must be paid cash for their products. Therefore Canada must borrow money from her citizens to give credit, temporarily, to Great Britain and our Allies. Actually, no money will pass out of Canada. If Canada does not give credit, other countries will; and they will get the trade, and have the employment that should be ours, to distribute amongst their workers. And remember, we absolutely need these orders to maintain employment. If we don't finance them business will feel the depression, employment will not be as plentiful, and conditions everywhere will be adversely affected.

For Transportation

Money must also be available to carry on the nation's shipbuilding programme, and other transportation development work.

For loans to Provincial Housing Commissions who are building moderate priced houses.

These, then, are some of the things for which Canada needs national working capital. She is in the position of a great trading company, and her citizens who buy Victory Bonds are the shareholders.

Those who give thought to our outstanding obligations to soldiers, and to our need for national working capital, cannot fail to be impressed with the absolute necessity for the

Victory Loan 1919

"Every Dollar Spent in Canada"

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

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COUNTY OF LENNOX & ADDINGTON

TREASURER'S SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES

County of Lennox and Addington To Wit:

By virtue of a warrant under the hand of the Warden and Seal of the County of Lennox and Addington, bearing date, the 21st day of June, A.D. 1919, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned in the following list for arrears of taxes due thereon and the costs and charges set forth, I hereby give notice, that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid, I shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the aforesaid taxes and costs, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY, the 25th Day of October, and the following Monday, if necessary,

in the present year of A.D. 1919, beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and in compliance with the provisions of "the Assessment Act".

The public will please remember that this is a strictly CASH SALE. Private cheques will not be accepted unless at par and marked by the bank upon which they are drawn. Non-patented, or any lands in which the Crown has an interest, will be sold subject to those provisions.

J. Ed. Harrison, Warden.

W. J. Shannon, Treasurer County Lennox and Addington.

County Treasurer's Office, Napanee, June 21st, 1919.

First published in The Napanee Express and The Napanee Beaver, at Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, on July 25th, 1919. 30-13t

Con	Lot	Area	Years	Arrears	Costs	Total
Township of Denbigh						
E R	35	Pat 100	1915-16-17-18	88 96	82 73	841 69
E R	36	Pat 100	1915-16-17-18	8 96	2 73	11 69
E R	40	Pat 100	1915-16-17-18	8 96	2 73	11 69
4	17	18 Pat 200	1915-16-17-18	57 60	6 44	64 04
5		15 Pat 100	1915-16-17-18	28 81	3 22	32 03
6		15 Pat 100	1915-16-17-18	28 81	3 22	32 03
TOWNSHIP OF ABINGER						
E R		14 Pat 100	1916-17-18	8 60	2 75	11 35
2	22	23 n p 143	1916-18	9 79	5 25	15 04
9	6	7 n p 200	1915-16-17-18	17 91	5 45	23 36
15		1 Pat 100	1916-17-18	12 31	2 86	15 12
TOWNSHIP OF ASHBY						
2		2 Pat 100	1916-17-18	10 38	2 76	13 14
3		2 3 Pat 200	1916-17-18	20 76	5 52	26 28
16	s	½ 6 n p 50	1916-17-18	6 77	2 75	9 52
TOWNSHIP OF KALADAR						
1	pt of	21 Pat 1 ac	1915-17-18	38 03	3 45	41 48
4	e ½ of	6 Pat 75	1915-16	9 29	2 75	10 04
7	pt of	10 Pat ½ ac	1913-14-15-17	41 17	3 53	44 70
11	12	13 Pat 363	1915-16-17	45 27	8 63	53 90
TOWNSHIP OF ANGLESEA						
R A	43	44 Pat 200	1915-16-17	29 01	5 73	34 74
R A		17 Pat 100	1912-13-14-18	57 52	3 94	61 46
TOWNSHIP OF EFFINGHAM						
12		29 n p 100	1916-17-18	12 95	2 82	15 77
TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD						
	2 s e side		Village of Erinsville.			
	Tullow St.		Pat ¼ ac 1915-16 17	8 38	2 75	11 13
TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN.						
1	pt of	10 Pat ⅜ ac	1915-16-17-18	26 47	3 16	29 63
1	pt of	10 Pat ⅛ ac	1916-17-18	9 72	2 75	12 47
TOWNSHIP OF ERNESTTOWN						
4	pt of	32 Pat 2-5ac	1916-17	6 69	2 75	9 44
6	pt of	27 Pat 1 ac	1916-17	24 48	3 11	27 59
VILLAGE OF NEWBURGH						
13	e s	Main St	Pat ¼ ac 1914-15	53 78	3 85	57 63
VILLAGE OF BATH						
	2 cor. Main and Ch. Sts		Pat 1-5ac 1916-17-18	80 54	4 51	85 05

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Wilson's Hardware Store

FISHERMEN'S SUPPLIES

We carry a complete line of

Seine Twine, Leader Net, Oil Skin Coats, and Great Coats.

—Also a full line of—

Shot Shells, and Rifle Ammunition

for the

Hunting Season.

D. B. WILSON

(Successor to John Fennell)

'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee
G-4-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

A TEMPERANCE FANATIC

W. C. T. U.

If temperance fanatics are to be found they are the legitimate product of the liquor traffic. On the threshold of a temperance vote in Ontario, electors need to pause and weigh well the words of Lieut.-Col. John Pringle, D.D., Moderator of the general Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, when he said: "I was a temperance fanatic before I went overseas; I am now ten times the temperance fanatic I was since coming back.

There is a powerful cause for this tenfold increase in what Dr. Pringle—accepting the haunting charge of liquordom—calls fanaticism. What he has seen in his recent experiences confirms him in his convictions that prohibition pays in every respect.

Vote four X's in the NO column.

A fresh supply of Parke Davis' Blackleg Vaccine in sealed vials of tin, one dollar per vial, at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Vaccinate Your Young Cattle.

Parke Davis' Vaccine in sealed vials of 10. Always a fresh stock at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Notice to Returned Soldiers.

The G.W.V.A. meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Club rooms open nightly from 6.30 to 10 p.m.

Golden Anniversary and Old Residents Re-union at Moscow.

The fiftieth anniversary of the Moscow Methodist Church will be observed Sunday, October 12th. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p.m. The following evening, October 13th, a fowl supper and Thanksgiving concert will be held. Supper served from 6 to 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents. Come and bring your friends.

NAPANEE

Canadian National Railways change of time effective October 5th

Effective October 5th, the Canadian National Railways announce the following changes in train service:

Trains from Ottawa now arriving 3.45 p. m. daily, except Sunday, will arrive and leave for Toronto at 4.25 p. m., except Sunday.

Train now arriving from Toronto 4.35 p.m. will arrive and leave for Ottawa 2.15 p.m.

Full information may be obtained from Local Agent, Canadian National Railways.

Rexall Orderlies, the most effective and gentle laxatives for old and young—15c., 25c., and 50c. boxes at WALLACE'S.

NEW REPAIR SHOP!

Bring your Boots that need repairing to

J. O'Brien's Old Stand

west of Campbell House.

We have the machinery and supplies necessary to give you

First-Class Work

and we guarantee to please you.

F. P. TENDALL,

O'Brien's Old Stand, west of Campbell House.

No connection with any other firm.

Some pure Maple Sugar in 10c. cakes just arrived at **H. W. KELLY'S** grocery.

Use Less Powder—
Get Better Baking

EGG-O Baking Powder

Follow the directions on the label

Egg-O Baking Powder Co., Limited, Hamilton, Canada

35

Ontario Business College, Limited.

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

(52nd Year)

Famed throughout Canada, the United States, the West Indies and in South America for its thorough business training and the success of its thousands of graduates. The College publishes the three standard commercial text-books by J. W. Johnson, F.C.A.

Write for the free descriptive catalogue.

I. L. MOORE, Principal.

42-13t

PHOTOS **Amateurs Attention** Picture Framing

Have your FILMS DEVELOPED and PRINTED by a Practical Photographer, at

THE COOKE STUDIO
Next to Napanee Post Office.

ENLARGING COPYING

NEW GARAGE!

Repairing and Painting all Makes of Cars

Independent of any special car.

Gasolene, Oils, Tires, Etc., always on hand.

DAY and NIGHT SERVICE.

Your patronage solicited.

J. M. GRAHAM, Proprietor.

Opposite Gibbard Furniture Factory.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting.
10.30—National Campaign Service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—First of a series of three Sunday evening talks on Jno. viii 32. Subject, "The Truth About The Ontario Temperance Act"; the "Truth About the Ballot"; and "The Truth About Beer," by the pastor.
Monday, 8.00—League Meeting Reception Service.
Wednesday, 8.00—Prayer and Praise service.
Thursday, 7.00—Three C's.
8.30—Brotherhood.
Friday, 8.00—Orchestra concert.

Rexall Liver Salts.

A dose at seven given relief at nine. Three sizes 35c., 65c. and $1.25, at WALLACE'S, agents for Napanee.

Notice.

The Richmond Farmer's Co-operative Association will ship hogs on Monday, Oct. 6th, 1919. Will pay highest market price.

S. C. S. McKIM,
Manager.

Grocery Business

Having taken over the business of Mr. Theo. Windover, on the Market, I am prepared to meet the demands of the public in a full line of groceries of superior quality. A liberal patronage is solicited. Business conducted on Cash System.

ALEX. DENISON

Missionary Convention.

The twenty-fifth annual convention of the Woman's Missionary Society Napanee District, Napanee Division will be held in **Adolphustown Meth. Church, Wednesday, Oct. 8th.** Morning session 9.30 a. m., afternoon session, 1.30 p. m. Specially interesting programme. Miss Howie, returned missionary, will be present. Do not fail to attend our 25th anniversary. 43b

The Teacher's Convention

The Annual Convention of the Lennox & Addington Teacher's Association will be held in the Collegiate Institute, Napanee, on October 9th and 10th. The evening entertainment, which is free will be given Thursday 7.30 p.m. in the Town Hall. The public are cordially invited to attend. A very helpful and interesting programme has been prepared, and a full attendance of the teachers at every session is requested.

Strand Theatre Changes Hands.

Messrs. LeRoy H. Wagar and A. F. Wagar, former Napanee boys, but who have been in the United States for some years, have purchased from Mr. Michael Maker the Strand Theatre, and will take possession on October 10th. The Messrs. Wagar will change the name to the Victory Theatre, and in addition to first-class pictures, have made arrangements with the Loew circuit to put on high class Vaudeville every night. The same program as seen in Kingston will be put on at the Victory Theatre.

Service Flag for Red Cross Society.

The continental Publishing Co. Toronto, is presenting the Society with a beautiful service flag on which is to be placed the names of the boys from Napanee and vicinity who have served overseas. The names, in full, of these boys, with the name and address of the next of kin are requested to be sent proptly to Mrs. George A. Thompson, Secretary, as the list must be forwarded to Toronto by October 13th.

If the supreme sacrifice has been paid, kindly put a "cross" before the name.

Large Dairy Project at Empey Hill.

The estate of the late Mr. Allison, Empey Hill, are making preparations to commence operations in dairy farming on a scale which will make this one of the model dairy farms of the Province. The large barn is the only building to be erected this year, all other subsidary buildings will be deferred till next year. Mr. W. H. Crossman, of Nova Scotia, will manage the undertaking and Mr. W. D. Midmer, Napanee is collaborating with Mr. Crossman in preparing the plans and will carry out the works, including the water supply and installation of pumps and machinery, all of which is to be of the most modern and practical type.

Appeal Made at Napanee Schools.

An urgent and touching appeal for the French war orphans was made on Friday last, 26th Sept., by Mlle M. Guerin, foundress of the Franco-Canadian Orphanages. From the gratifying manner in which Melle was received, both at the West Ward School, and Collegiate Institute, she left the town feeling confident that the Napanee schools would do all in their power to assist through these means in the rebuilding of sorely stricken France where 6,000 square miles of her beautiful territory is devastated, and where there are over 1,000,000 orphans. Donations of money from schools, Sunday schools, clubs, societies, or individuals, will be gratefully received, as she appealed to everyone to help. Send contributions to the general treasurer of the Franco-Canadian Society, Mr. Percy Arthur, Dominion Bank, cor. King and Yonge streets, Toronto, or to Mrs. McIlwraith, treasurer Toronto Branch, 30 Prince Arthur Ave., Toronto, or to Secours National, Hamilton.

FALL FAIRS FOR 1919

The Ontario Department of Agriculture issues the following list and dates:—

Arden	October 7
Bancroft	October 2 and 3
Madoc	October 2 and 3
Odessa	October 7 and 8
Tweed	October 2 and 3

When Your Clothes need

Pressing Cleaning —or— Repairing

LET US DO THEM

You will be pleased with our work.

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.

Special

Fresh caught White Fish, 20 cents per pound.

E. R. TODD
Market Meat Shop.

Notice to the Public.

The Napanee Branch, Great War Veterans' Association, herein wish the public to note that the concert given in the Napanee Armouries Sept. 10th, was given by the Napanee Fair Association, and not by the G. W. V. A.

Hogs Wanted.

Will ship hogs one Thursday, Oct. 9th, and pay highest price for hogs. I will pay you to hold your hogs for Thursday. Fat cattle, new milk cows, and calves wanted at the highest price.

FRED WILSON,
Telephone 126.

Hogs Wanted.

Will ship on Saturday, October 4th, Will pay highest market price for select hogs 150 lbs or over, light hogs not accepted, 4 cents off for sows.

J. W. HAMBLY,
C. H. WILLIAMS.

Potatoes.

I am unloading a car of No. 1 "Delaware" and "Green Mountain" potatoes in a few days at $2.50 per bag delivered at the car. If prospective buyers will leave their 'phone number, or address, I will arrange to advise them on arrival of car.

T. D. SCRIMSHAW.
'Phone 215.

Auction Sale.

Saturday, October 4th, one o'clock sharp, on West street, half block south of the Catholic church, E. S. Lapum will sell by public auction for J. H. Boyd, on the premises his entire household goods, consisting of oak dining room suite, parlor suite, Dominion organ, book cases and writing desk combined, Pandora range, oil stove 3 burner, with oven, nearly new, bed room suites mattresses, springs, etc., davenport, folding cot with mattress and springs, new Williams Sewing Machine and other articles. Terms—Cash. 43bp

Why not give the bride **PYREX**, the up-to-date transparent oven ware for baking and serving. A complete line in stock at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 5th, 1919
9.45 a.m.—Class meeting.
10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School.
6.30—Organ recital.
7.00—Evening service.
The pastor will preach at both services.
Wednesday 7.30—Prayer service.
Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.

Hospital Aid Work

A meeting of the Hospital Aid will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, October 6th, at 3.30 p. m. All the ladies who are interested in helping this charitable work are asked to attend and help plan the work for the coming winter. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

Secretary.

Cholera Kills 200 a Day.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Swedish press reports from Petrograd, by way of Helsingfors, say deaths at Petrograd from cholera and dysentery had risen to 200 to 300 a day. Sanitary conditions are reported intolerable and many of the hospitals have closed for scarcity of food and medicine.

A band of Bolshevik robbers for the third time in a short period have sacked the Russian state bank, taking more than $1,000,000 in cash and many valuables.

According to another report from Helsingfors, Admiral Kolchak's headquarters have been moved from Omsk to Novo Nikolajevsk.

Bomb Thrown Into Automobile.

TIFLIS, Sept. 23. — An explosive missile thrown into the automobile of Gen. Buratoff, the representative in Georgia of Gen. Denikine, the anti-Bolshevik leader in South Russia, severely wounded Gen. Buratoff and also the Georgian general Odesledziz.

Big Crowd at Brampton Fair.

BRAMPTON, Sept. 23. — Attendance records for Brampton Fair were broken Saturday, when over 8,000 persons passed the gate.

AT AGE OF SEVENTY SHE GAINS 25 POUNDS

Since Taking Tanlac Mrs. Rollins Feels Better than in Twenty Years.

"I am seventy years old and have been in poor health for a good many years, but since taking Tanlac I feel better in every way than I have in twenty years," said Mrs. M. B. Rollins of 110 west 39th street, Seattle, Wash., recently.

"For twelve years," she continued, "I suffered constantly from stomach trouble and what I ate caused me so much misery that I decided to see what time to come. I suffered terribly from rheumatism and sometimes my feet and legs were so badly swollen that I couldn't walk and my arms would get so stiff and sore that I couldn't use them at all. My nerves were in such an awful condition that the slightest noise would upset me and I could never get a good night's sleep. I became so weak and rundown that I gave up and went to bed where I lay for five long weeks.

"I heard so much about Tanlac that I asked my son to get me a bottle and after taking a course of the medicine I am perfectly well again. I feel twenty years younger and am strong enough to do all my housework without any trouble. My appetite is fine, I eat anything I want and never feel any pain afterward The rheumatism has entirely gone, my nerves are all right and I sleep like a baby every night The way Tanlac has overcome my trouble and built me up is like a miracle and any medicine that will do that much for a person of my age is worth its weight in gold."

Tanlac is sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. ORSTEE, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON. (advt)

Imperial Stove Pipe Enamel, the most satisfactory pipe enamel for stove pipes and registers—15c. per can at WALLACE'S.

FOR SALE

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation have listed with me the properties of the late Uriah Wilson and John Wilson for sale. For prices and terms of sale apply to U. M. WILSON, Solicitor, Agent, Napanee, Ont. 30tf

SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the Following Goods:

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Baby Chop Barley Feed, Cracked Corn. Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa, Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds, and Plants.

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50-tf

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

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Next to Miller's Livery.

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Flour, Bran, Shorts, Oil Cake, Hog Feed, Feed Flour, etc.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
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Director, Ernest Wheatley, Mus. Bac.
Junior School, Hattie Wartman, A. C. T. M.
Certificates and prizes awarded. Study music the right way.
PIANO, VOCAL, THEORY.
Write for Reservations. 40-b

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M. S. Mills wants all your White Beans. Must be hand-picked and clean. Bring in samples and get prices. 17-tf

Dr. Daniels' Veterinary Remedies cure all horse and cattle complaints. Ask for a free horse and cattle book at **NIXON'S** Drug Store.

WONDERLAND

WEEK OF SPECIAL FEATURE

MONDAY
Alice Brady, in
"Ordeal of Rosetta"

TUESDAY—Special Feature
Mary MacLean, in
"The Amazing Wife"

WEDNESDAY
A romance of the deep blue sea—
Pretty Peggy Hyland, in
"Miss Adventure"

THURSDAY
Everybody's favorite, Mary Miles Minter, in
"Eyes of Julia Deep"

REGULAR ADMISSION, 6c & 11c to all these special shows.

Orchestra Wednesday night

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Lumber and Building Supplies.

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'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
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Mass Meeting!

—in the—

ARMOURIES

Thursday, October 9th

8 o'clock.

George Bell, M. P. P.,

of Victoria,

will speak on the REFERENDUM.

George Bell, who has just retrnred from New Zealand, is one of the strongest speakers on the Pacific Coast.

6c. - STRAND THEATRE - 6c.

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M. MAKER, Proprietor.

Friday and Saturday, October 3 and 4

Paramount-pictures present **Sessue Hayakawa** in a five reel drama **"The Bravest Way."**

Also two reel **Mack Sennett** comedy, **"EAST LYNNE, WITH VARIATIONS."**

Monday and Tuesday, October 6 and 7

Douglas Fairbanks in a four reel comedy drama, **"BOUND IN MOROCCO."**

Also **Burton Holmes'** Travel Pictures and Gaumont News.

Wednesday and Thur., October 8 and 9

Artcraft Pictures present **Billie Burke** in a five reel comedy drama, **"IN PURSUIT OF POLLY."**

Also episodes nine and ten of **"THE BRASS BULLET,"** featuring Juanita Hansen and Jack Mulhall.

ADMISSION 6 CENTS TO ALL.

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Long Live The King

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

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"It slants, doesn't it?" observed his highness doubtfully.

"Part of it is quite flat. We can take a ball up there, and get some exercise while we're about it."

As a matter of fact, Nikky was not altogether unselfish. He would visit the roof again, where for terrible, wonderful moments he had held Hedwig in his arms. On a pilgrimage, indeed, like that of the crown prince to Etzel, Nikky would visit his shrine.

So they went to the roof. One could see the streets crowded with people, could hear the soft blare of distant horns.

"The scenic railway is in that direction," observed the crown prince, leaning on the balustrade. "If there were no buildings we could see it."

"Right here," Nikky was saying to himself. "At this very spot. She held out her arms, and I—"

"It looks very interesting," said Prince Ferdinand William Otto. "Of course we can't see the costumes, but it is better than nothing."

"I kissed her," Nikky was thinking, his heart swelling under his very best

"The Scenic Railway Is In That Direction."

tunic. "Her head was on my breast, and I kissed her. Last of all, I kissed her eyes—her lovely eyes."

"If I fell off here," observed the crown prince in a meditative voice, "I would be smashed to a jelly, like the child at the Crystal palace."

"But now she hates me," said Nikky's heart, and dropped about the distance of three buttons. "She hates me. I saw it in her eyes this morning. Oh, Heaven!"

"We might as well play ball now," Prince Ferdinand William Otto turned away from the parapet with a sigh. This strange quiet that filled the palace seemed to have attacked Nikky too. Otto hated quiet.

They played ball, and the crown prince took a lesson in curves. But on his third attempt, he described such a compound curve that the ball disappeared over an adjacent part of the roof, and although Nikky did some blood-curdling climbing along gutters, it could not be found.

It was then that the Majordomo, always a marvelous figure in crimson and gold, and never seen without white gloves—the Majordomo bowed in a window and observed that if his royal highness pleased, his royal highness' luncheon was served.

In the shrouded room inside the windows, however, his royal highness paused and looked around.

"I've been here before," he observed. "These were my father's rooms. My mother lived here, too. When I am older, perhaps I can have them. It would be convenient on account of my practicing curves on the roof. But I should need a number of balls."

He was rather slight in his way back to the schoolroom. But once he looked up rather wistfully at Nikky.

"If they were living," he said, "I am pretty sure they would take me out today."

Olga Loschek had found the day one of terror. The failure of her plan as to Nikky and Hedwig was known to the countess the night before. Hedwig had sent for her and faced her in her boudoir, very white and calm.

"He refuses," she said. "There is nothing more to do."

"Refuses!"

"He has promised not to leave Otto."

Olga Loschek had been incredulous, at first. It was not possible. Men in love did not do these things. It was not possible, that, after all, she had failed. When she realised it, she would have broken out in bitter protest, but Hedwig's face warned her. "He is right, of course," Hedwig had said. "You and I were wrong, countess. There is nothing to do—or say."

And the countess had taken her defeat quietly, with burning eyes and a throat dry with excitement.

The plot was arranged, to the smallest detail. The king, living now only so long as it was decreed he should live, would, in mid-afternoon, commence to sink. The entire court would be gathered in anterooms and salons near his apartments. In his rooms the crown prince would be kept, awaiting the summons to the throne room, where, on the king's death, the regency would be declared, and the court would swear fealty to the new king, Otto the Ninth. By arrangement with the captain of the palace guard, who was one of the committee of ten, the sentries before the crown prince's door were to be of the revolutionary party. Mettlich would undoubtedly be with the king. Remained then to be reckoned with only the prince's personal servants, Miss Braithwaite, and Nikky Larisch.

Two obstacles were left for the countess to cope with, and this was her part of the work. She had already a plan for Miss Braithwaite. But Nikky Larisch?

Over that problem, during the long night hours, Olga Loschek worked. It would be possible to overcome Nikky, of course. There would be four men, with the sentries, against him. But that would mean struggle and an alarm. It was the plan to achieve the abduction quietly, so quietly that perhaps an hour—they hoped for an hour—there would be no alarm. Some time they must have, enough to make the long journey through the underground passage. Otherwise the opening at the gate would be closed, and the party caught like rats in a hole.

During the early afternoon the chancellor visited the crown prince. Waiting and watching had made its roads on him, but he assumed a sort of heavy jocularity for the boy's benefit.

"We must get the lad out somewhere for some air," he observed. "It is not good to keep him shut up like this." He turned to the crown prince. "In a day or so," he said, "we shall all go to the summer palace. You would like that, eh?"

"Will my grandfather be able to go?" The chancellor sighed. "Yes," he said, "I—he will go to the country also. He has loved it very dearly."

He left, shortly after three o'clock. And, because he was restless and uneasy, he made a round of the palace, and of the guards. Before he returned to his vigil outside the king's bedroom, he stood for a moment by a window and looked out. Evidently rumors of the king's condition had crept out, in spite of their caution. The place, kept free by the murmurs by the police, was filling slowly with people; people who took up positions on benches, under the trees, and even sitting on the curb of the street. An orderly and silent crowd it seemed, of the better class. Here and there he saw the police agents in plain clothes, impassive but watchful, on the lookout for the first cry of distress.

An hour or two, or three—three at the most—and the fate of the palace would lie in the hands of that crowd. He could but lead the boy to the balcony, and await the result.

CHAPTER XVII.

The Pirate's Dog.

Miss Braithwaite was asleep on the couch in her sitting room, deeply asleep, so that when Prince Ferdinand William Otto changed the cold cloth on her head, she did not even move. The Countess Loschek had brought her some medicine.

"It cured her very quickly," said the crown prince, shuffling the cards with clumsy fingers. He and Nikky were playing a game in which matches represented money. The crown prince had won nearly all of them and was quite pink with excitement. "It's my deal, isn't it? When she goes to sleep like that, she nearly always wakens up much better. She's very sound asleep."

Nikky played absently, and lost the game. The crown prince triumphantly scooped up the rest of the matches. Then he lounged to the window, his hands in his pockets. There was something on his mind which the chancellor's reference to Hedwig's picture had recalled. Something he wished to say to Nikky, without looking at him.

So he cleared his throat, and looked out the window, and said, very casually:

"Hilda says that Hedwig is going to get married."

"So I hear, highness."

"She doesn't seem to be very happy about it. She's crying, most of the time."

It was Nikky's turn to clear his throat. "Marriage is a serious matter," he said. "It is not to be gone into lightly."

"Once, when I asked you about marriage, you said marriage was when two people loved each other, and wanted to be together the rest of their lives."

"Well," hedged Nikky, "that is the idea, rather."

"I should think," said Prince Ferdinand William Otto, slightly red, "that you would marry her yourself."

Nikky being beyond speech for an instant and looking, had his royal highness but seen him, very tragic and somewhat rigid, the crown prince went on:

"She's a very nice girl," he said; "I think she would make a good wife."

There was something of reproach in his tone. He had confidently planned that Nikky would marry Hedwig, and that they could all live on forever in the palace. But, the way things were going, Nikky might marry anybody, and go away to live, and he would lose him.

"Yes," said Nikky, in a strange voice, "she—I am sure she would make a good wife."

At which Prince Ferdinand William Otto turned and looked at him. "I wish you would marry her yourself," he said with his nearest approach to impatience. "I think she'd be willing. I'll ask her, if you want me to."

Half-past three, then, and Nikky trying to explain, within the limits of the boy's understanding of life, his position. Members of royal families, he said, looking far away, over the child's head, had to do many things for the good of the country. And marrying was one of them. He sat, bent forward, his hands swung between his knees, and tried to visualize, for Otto's understanding and his own heartache, the results of such a marriage.

Some of it the boy grasped. A navy, ships, a railroad to the sea—those he could understand. Treaties were beyond his comprehension. And, with a child's singleness of idea, he returned to the marriage.

"I'm sure she doesn't care about it," he said at last. "If I were king I would not let her do it. And"—he sat very erect and swung his short legs—"when I grow up, I shall fight for a navy, if I want one, and I shall marry whoever I like."

At a quarter to four Olga Loschek was announced. She made the curtsy inside the door that palace ceremonial demanded and inquired for the governess. Prince Ferdinand William Otto, who had risen at her entrance, offered to see if she still slept.

"I think you are a very good doctor," he said, smiling, and went out to Miss Braithwaite's sitting room.

It was then that Olga Loschek played the last card, and won. She moved quickly to Nikky's side.

"I have a message for you," she said.

A light leaped into Nikky's eyes. "For me?"

"Do you know where my boudoir is?"

"I—yes, countess."

"If you will go there at once and wait, some one will see you there as soon as possible." She put her hand

"I Have a Message for You," She Said.

on his arm. "Don't be foolish and proud," she said. "She is sorry—about last night, and she is very unhappy."

The light faded out of Nikky's eyes. She was unhappy and he could do nothing. They had a way, in the palace, of binding one's hands and leaving one helpless. He could not even go to her.

"I cannot go, countess," he said. "She must understand. Today, of all days—"

"You mean that you cannot leave the crown prince?" She shrugged her shoulders. "You, too! Never have I seen so many faint hearts, such rolling eyes, such shaking knees! And for what? Because a few timid souls see a danger that does not exist."

"I think it does exist," said Nikky obstinately.

"I am to take the word to her, then, that you will not come?"

"That I cannot."

"You are a very foolish boy," said the countess, watching him. "And since you are so fearful, I myself will remain here. There are sentries at the doors, and a double guard everywhere. What, in the name of all that is absurd, can possibly happen?"

That was when she won. For Nikky who has never been, in all his history, anything of a hero, and all of the romantic and loving boy—Nikky wavered and fell.

When Prince Ferdinand William Otto returned, it was with the word that Miss Braithwaite still slept, and that she looked very comfortable. Nikky was gone, and the countess stood by a window, holding to the sill to support her shaking body.

It was done. The boy was in her hands. There was left only to deliver him to those who, even now, were on the way. Nikky was safe. He would wait in her boudoir, and Hedwig would not come. She had sent no message. She was, indeed, at that moment a part of one of those melancholy family groups which, the world over, in palace or peasant's hut, await the coming of death.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto chatted. He got out the picture frame for Hedwig, which was finished now, with the exception of burning his initials in the lower left hand corner. After inquiring politely if the smell of burning would annoy her, the crown prince drew a rather broken backed "F," a weakkneed "W," and an irregular "O" in the corner and proceeded to burn them in. He sat bent over the desk, the very tip of his tongue protruding, and worked conscientiously and carefully. Between each letter he burned a dot.

Suddenly, Olga Loschek became panic-stricken. She could not stay, and see this thing out. Let them follow her and punish her. She could not! She had done her part. The governess lay in a drugged sleep. A turn of the key, and the door to the passage beyond which Oskar waited would be closed off. Let follow what must, she would not see it.

"Highness," she said, "Lieutenant Larisch will be here in a moment. Will you permit me to go?"

Otto waved his chair in an instant. "Certainly," he said, his mind still on the "O" which he was shading.

Old habit was strong in the countess. Although the boy's rank was numbered by moments, although his life was possibly to be counted by hours, she turned at the doorway and swept him a curtsy. Then she went out, and closed the door behind her.

The two sentries stood outside. They were of the terrorists. She knew, and they knew she knew. But neither one made a sign. They stared ahead, and Olga Loschek went out between them.

The Crown Prince Ferdinand William Otto was only a small boy, for all his title and dignity. And suddenly he felt lonely. Left alone, he returned to his expectations for the day, and compared them with the facts. He remembered other carnivals, with his carriage moving through the streets, and people cheering him with fresh flowers. His father glowed at the memory. Then he recalled that the chancellor had said he needed fresh air.

Something occurred to him, something which combined fresh air with action, yet kept to the letter of his promise—or was there a promise?—not to leave he palace.

The idea fe sed him. It set him to smiling, and his bright hair to quivering with excitement. It was nothing less than to go on the roof and find the pirate. And he would have to hurry. Nikky would be sure to return soon.

He opened the door on to the great corridor, and stepped out, saluting the sentries, as always did.

"I'll be back in a moment," he informed them. He was always on terms of great friendliness with the guard, and he knew these men by sight. "Are you going to be stationed here now?" he inquired pleasantly.

The two guards were at a loss. But one of them who had a son of his own, and hated the whole business, saluted and replied that he knew not.

"I hope you are," said Ferdinand William Otto, and went on.

The sentries regarded one another. "Let him go" said the one who was a father.

The other one moved uneasily. "Our orders cover no such contingency," he muttered. "And, besides, he will come back. I hope to God he does not come back. I've added stoutly.

Five minutes to four.

The crown prince hurried. The corridors were almost empty. Here and there he met servants, who stood stiff against the wall until he had passed. On the main staircase, leading up, he met no one, nor on the upper floor. He was quite warm with running and he paused in his father's suite to mop his face. Then he opened a window and went out on the roof. From the balustrade, it looked extremely far to the ground.

Nevertheless, although his heart beat a little fast, he was still determined. A climb which Nikky with his long legs had achieved in a leap, to pull up to a chimney. Below—it seemed a long way below—was the gutter. Then there was a very considerable slant. If one sat down, like Nikky, and slid, and did not slide over the edge, one should fetch up in the gutter.

He felt a trifle dizzy. But Nikky's theory was, that if one is afraid to do a thing, better to do it and get over being afraid.

So the crown prince sat down on the sloping roof behind the chimney and gathered his legs under him for a slide. Well for him that the ancient builders of the palace had been reckless with lead, that the gutter was both wide and deep. Well for Nikky, too, waiting in the boudoir below and hard by, between love and anxiety.

The crown prince, unaccustomed to tiles, turned over halfway down, and rolled. He brought up with a jerk in the gutter, quite safe, but extremely frightened. He sat there for quite a few minutes. There was no ball in sight, and the roof looked even steeper from this point.

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Being completely self-engrossed, therefore, he did not see that the roof had another visitor. Had two visitors, as a matter of fact. One of them wore a blanket with a white "O" over a white "X" on it, and the other wore a mask, and considerable kitchen cutlery fastened to his belt. They had come out of a small door in the turret and were very much at ease. They leaned over the parapet and admired the view. They climbed on one of the garden chairs and looked over the expanse of the roof, which was when they saw Prince Ferdinand William Otto, and eyed at him.

"Gee whiz!" said the larger pirate, through his mask. "What are you doing there?"

The crown prince started, and stared. "I am sitting here," explained the crown prince, trying to look as though he usually sat in lead gutters. "I am looking for a ball."

"You're looking for a fall, I guess," observed the pirate. "You don't remember me, kid, do you?"

"I can't see your face, but I know your voice." His voice trembled with excitement.

"Lemme give you a hand," said the pirate, whipping off his mask. "You make me nervous, sitting there. You've got a nerve, you have."

The crown prince looked gratified. "I don't need any assistance, thank you," he said. "Perhaps, now I'm here, I'd better look for the ball."

"I wouldn't bother about the old ball," said the pirate, rather nervously for an old sea-dog. "You better get back to a safe place. Say, what made you pretend that our railway was you navy?"

Prince Ferdinand William Otto climbed up the tiles, trying to look as though tiles were his native habitat. The pirates both regarded him with admiration, as he dropped beside them.

"How did you happen to come here?" asked the crown prince. "Did you lose your aeroplane up here?"

"We came on business," said the pirate importantly. "Two of the enemy entered our cave. We were guarding it from the underbrush, and saw them go in. We trailed them. They must die!"

"Really—die?"

"Of course. Death to those who defy us."

"Death to those who defy us!" repeated the crown prince, enjoying himself hugely, and quite ready for bloodshed.

"Look here, Dick Deadeye," said the largest pirate to the smaller, who stood gravely at attention, "I think he belongs to our crew. What say, old pal?"

Dick Deadeye wagged his tail.

Some two minutes later, the crown prince of Livonia, having sworn the

Dick Deadeye Wagged His Tail.

pirate oath of no quarter, except to women and children, was on his way to the pirate cave.

He was not running away. He was not disobedient. He was breaking no promises. Because, from the moment he saw the two confederates, and particularly from the moment he swore the delightful oath, his past was wiped away. There was, in his consciousness, no palace, no grandfather, no Miss Braithwaite, even no Nikky. There was only a boy and a dog, and a pirate den awaiting him.

"How'd you happen to be in that gutter?" Bobby demanded, as they started down the staircase in the wall. "Watch out, son, it's pretty steep."

"I was getting a ball."

"Is this your house?"

"Well, I live here," temporized Prince Ferdinand William Otto. A terrible thought came to him. Suppose this American boy, who detested kings and princes, should learn who he was!

"It looks like a big place. Is it a barrel?"

"No." He hesitated. "But there are a good many soldiers here. I—I never saw these steps before."

"I should think not," boasted Bobby, "I discovered them. I guess nobody else in the world knows about them. I put up a flag at the bottom and took possession. They're mine."

"Really!" said Prince Ferdinand William Otto, quite delighted. He would never have thought of such a thing.

A door of iron bars at the foot of the long flight of steps—there were exactly that—stood open. Here daylight, which had been growing fainter, entirely ceased. And here Bobby, having replaced his mask, placed an air rifle over his shoulder, and lighted a candle and held it out to the crown prince.

"You can carry it," he said. "Only don't let it drip on you. You'll spoil your clothes." There was a faintly scornful note in his voice, and Ferdinand William Otto was quick to hear it.

"I don't care at all about my clothes," he protested. And to prove his point, he calmly dipped the candle and let a few drops of paraffin run down his short jacket.

"You're a pretty good sport," Bobby observed. And from that time on he addressed his royal highness as "old sport."

When they reached the old dungeon the candle was about done. There was only time to fashion another black mask out of a piece of cloth that bore a strange resemblance to a black waistcoat. The crown prince donned this with a wildly beating heart. Never in all his life had he been so excited.

"We can get another candle, and come back and cook something," said the junior pirate, tying the mask on with pieces of brown string. "It gets pretty smoky, but I can cook, you'd better believe."

So this wonderful boy could cook, also! The crown prince had never met any one with so many varied attainments. He gazed through the eyeholes, which were rather too far apart, in rapt admiration.

"As you haven't got a belt," Bobby said generously, "I'll give you the rifle. Ever hold a gun?"

"Oh, yes," said the crown prince. He did not explain that he had been taught to shoot on the rifle range of his own regiment, and had won quite a number of medals. He possessed, indeed, quite a number of small but very perfect guns.

With the last gasp of the candle, the children prepared to depart. The senior pirate had already forgotten the

"No Quarter, Except to Women and Children."

two men he had trailed through the passage, and was eager to get outdoors.

"Ready!" he said. "Now, remember, old sport, we are pirates. No quarter, except to women and children. Shoot every man."

Even if he is unarmed?" inquired the crown prince, who had also studied strategy and tactics, and felt that an unarmed man should be taken prisoner.

"Sure. We don't really shoot them, silly. Now. Get in step."

Then began, for the crown prince, such a day of joy as he had never known before. Even the Land of Delight faded before this new bliss of stalking from tree to tree, of killing unsuspecting citizens who sat on rugs on the ground and ate sausages and little cakes. Here and there, where a party had moved on, they salvaged a bit of food—the heel of a loaf, one of the small country apples. Shades of the court physicians, under whose direction the crown prince was daily fed a carefully balanced ration!

When they were weary, they stretched out on the ground, and the crown prince, whose bed was nightly tried with a warming pan for fear of dampness, wallowed blissfully on earth still soft with the melting frosts of the winter. He grew muddy and dirty. He had had no hat, of course, and his bright hair hung over his forehead in moist strands. Now and then he drew a long breath of sheer happiness.

At dusk descended, the crowd gradually dispersed, some to supper, but some to gather in the place and in the streets around the palace. For the rumor that the king was dying would not down.

At last the senior pirate consulted a large nickel watch.

"Gee! it's almost supper time," he said.

Prince Ferdinand William Otto consulted his own watch, the one with the inscription: "To Ferdinand William Otto, from his grandfather, on the occasion of his taking his first communion."

(To be continued)

Protecting Birds.

Co-operating with the Dominion authorities, the Ontario Government, acting under powers given in the Birds Protection Act, of 1918, has passed regulations providing for the protection of birds generally in the province. The regulations make it an illegal act to "shoot, destroy, wound, catch, net, snare, poison, trap, or otherwise kill, or attempt to—" any native wild birds other than goshawks, sharp-shinned hawks, great horned owls, crows, cow birds, blackbirds and house sparrows. This will not cover, however, the shooting in season of game birds specially protected for in the Game and Fisheries Act, nor does it apply to cage or domesticated birds or poultry.

The regulations provide that where any of the birds protected become seriously injurious to the agricultural or other interests of any community the Minister may issue permits to kill them. The possession of such protected birds is made an offence, and it is equally an offence to take or destroy the nests or eggs of such birds — a bitter pill for youthful birds'-egg collectors. Exception, however, is made in the case of ornithologists, biologists, or students of biology, who may, under conditions, secure a permit to collect birds or eggs.

Prosecutions will be made under the Game and Fisheries Act.

Children Cry for Fletcher's
CASTORIA
Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.
What is CASTORIA?
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The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

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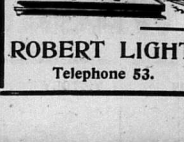
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Only Tablets with "Bayer Cross" are Genuine Aspirin

BAYER

If you don't see the "Bayer Cross" on the tablets, you are not getting Aspirin—only an acid imitation.

Genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" are now made in Canada by a Canadian Company. No German interest whatever, all rights being purchased from the United States Government.

During the war, acid imitations were sold as Aspirin in pill boxes and various other containers. The "Bayer Cross" is your only way of knowing that you are getting genuine Aspirin, proved safe by millions for Headache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis, and for Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets—also larger sized "Bayer" packages can be had at drug stores.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

DRAINAGE OF HILLSIDES

Wet Surfaces Greatly Improved by Tile Drains.

Only by Keeping Individual Milk Records Can the Dairyman Weed Out All His Unprofitable Cows—Monthly Milk Record Sheets Are Furnished Free.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE erosion of hillsides and the flooding of the land below by the eroded material has long been a worry and an economical loss to many farmers in hilly and mountainous sections. This can frequently be prevented, and the method employed depends on the conditions existing, such as the nature of the soil; light or heavy, the steepness of the slope, and the type of agriculture practiced; pasture or tilled crops.

Wet hillsides used as sheep pastures may be much improved by what are sometimes called "sheep-drains." These are merely shallow open ditches about 30 inches wide on top, nine inches wide on the bottom, and 15 inches deep for removing the surface water, and carry it in a definite channel to a suitable outlet at the base of the hill. The removed earth should be thrown out on the lower side to form a sort of embankment to the drain. The grade of the ditch should not be so steep as to give the water sufficient force to destroy the drain by either washing away the banks or cutting the drain itself deeper and thus making it dangerous for the sheep and lambs. Sub-drains are sometimes necessary. This system of terracing is quite universally used to prevent destructive washouts on hillsides. The terraces are made perfectly level and of any width and then carefully seeded to grass. At the time of rain the water spreads out evenly over the surface of these and then flows gently over the slope below without sufficient force to wash away any portion of the hill and thus prevents "gullieying."

For the drainage of tilled hillsides a system of under-drainage is sometimes used successfully. The amount of erosion of the land largely depends on its condition. If the surface soil can be kept firm the erosion will be lessened. Soft spots on the hillside, though, frequently occur as a result of seepage water from above which has penetrated the surface soil and reached an impervious layer and thus deflected to the surface on the side of the hill. Water flowing over this with considerable force will naturally wash it away more easily than the firmer soil free from this seepage water.

If tile drains are so laid to intercept this seepage water, considerable erosion can be prevented. If the hillside is comparatively steep, drains laid at an angle to the incline will be more satisfactory. They will naturally intercept all of the water flowing through the soil above them. Also the grade will be less and the drains are not so liable to be affected by the water moving slowly through them. If the slope is not very steep the drains may be laid down the incline with satisfactory results. Here the tile drains the land on both sides and no double draining results.

In this underdrainage the general benefits are again obtained. The water level is lowered, thus giving more root capacity to plants and the prevention of surface washing by allowing the water to penetrate through the soil to the drains, thus carrying much plant food to the roots of the plants.—R. C. Moffatt, M.A., O. A. College, Guelph.

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Such a Change

in feelings and looks!

"After suffering pain, feeling nervous, dizzy, weak and dragged down by weaknesses of my sex—my eyes sunken, black circles and pale cheeks—I was restored to health by the Favorite Prescription of Dr. Pierce." So write many women. Changed too in looks, for after taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the skin becomes clear, the eyes brighter, the cheeks plump.

Druggists sell it in tablets or liquid. It's a woman's best temperance tonic, made from wild roots.

HAMILTON, ONTARIO.—"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription helped me greatly at the turn of life. I commenced to have hot flashes and dizzy spells and became nervous and run-down. These conditions very quickly left me after I commenced with the 'Favorite Prescription.' I took several bottles of it and truly believe that I owe my good health of to-day to the medicine I took and the care exercised at that trying time."—MRS. ROBERT SMITH, 64 Bay Street, S.

A Jocular Rebuke.

Mrs. Lloyd George recently released an amusing story about her husband.

It appears that when he was Minister of Munitions his famous "beauty chorus" of young lady attendants attracted the favorable attention of some young gentlemen clerks working opposite them in Whitehall.

These made various overtures by waving of handkerchiefs, and so forth, which were disregarded. Eventually some of them produced pocket mirrors, with which they threw the sun's rays into the young ladies' faces, and on to their work.

Formal complaint was thereupon made to Mr. Lloyd George, who at once dressed a minute to the head of the department where the offenders were employed, inquiring, "Who are those unmannerly youths who have been casting reflections on my young ladies?"

A Strange Water Hole.

A curious form of water-hole is found in the deserts of Western Australia, dry by day but yielding an abundant supply of water by night. The flow of water is preceded by weird hissing and sounds of rushing air. On examining one it was found that the water supply occurred in a long, narrow trench, at the bottom of which was a thin plate of gneiss, separated by a cavity from the main rock mass beneath. Apparently the heat of the day causes this plate to expand in the form of a depression, in which the water retreats. When it cools and contracts at night it forces first air and then water back into the trench.—Family Herald.

OUR COFFEE.

We Drink It But Are Not Authorities on Flavor.

In part the high price of coffee is attributed to a frost in parts of Brazil, but various causes have contributed. Puerto Rico, for example, which never is touched by frost, had last year a small crop, and the price of coffee in the island has increased 100 per cent. This has been acceptable to the sentiment to prohibition, but it is doubtful whether Puerto Rico could drink much more coffee than it was drinking before prohibition went into effect; its consumption of alcohol was extremely moderate and its consumption of coffee large, as is apt to be the case in the tropics.

It is noteworthy in this country that many of the plans for a substitute for the saloon call for the provision of coffee as a substitute for alcoholic drinks. In the cafes of Europe the two go side by side, on an equal footing; at the same table one person may be drinking coffee and another beer. It might almost be said that European drink wine or beer with their meals and take their coffee in public, while Canadians drink coffee with their meals and take their alcohol in secret. This materially affects the position of coffee as a substitute.

If the coffee house is to be restored to the position it once had, considerable changes will need to be made in national habits and tastes. Used in moderation coffee is a relatively harmless stimulant, but it cannot be consumed so freely as beer, and most coffee drinkers take already quite as much as is good for them. To make coffee available as a social substitute for alcohol, therefore, the Canadian public would need to cut down its home drinking, so that the proposed establishment of coffee houses might not involve so great an increase in national consumption as has been predicted.

It is perhaps a more serious difficulty that the Canadian public, despite its enormous consumption of it, has not an educated taste in coffee. The market in Canada for the higher grades is relatively small, and there has been little appreciation for the excellent and full-flavored product. To the average Canadian coffee is a pale decoction used to wash down griddle-cakes, crullers and pie; it would never occur to him to take it as a separate luxury, nor as served would it be a luxury. Premier Clemenceau is said to have abandoned America because the people of the United States had no general ideas and no good coffee." It is to be feared he would like our coffee no better.

If the reformers can bring coffee up to the standard of countries where it is sipped as a delectable luxury, and can persuade people to like it, they will have accomplished a great deal, but neither undertaking is very easy. To be good, coffee must be made with great pains, and quite freshly; the aroma quickly goes and staleness is fatal. Our long-established negligence in such matters will not be easily overcome. To be an interesting beverage, too, coffee needs an extra roast which at first most Canadians do not like. When they learn to relish it they begin to see how in Turkey and other countries coffee may be an end in itself and not a mere accompaniment to doughnuts, but many an enterprising reformer has come to grief in trying to educate the Canadian palate to the standard of New Orleans and of Latin Europe. It remains to be seen whether the numerous projects for serving superior coffee as a substitute for alcohol will fare better, but at all events the experiments will be of interest.

Methods of Keeping Cow Records.

Four things are necessary for keeping cow records:

1. A monthly milk sheet, ruled so that there shall be a column for recording the weight of the morning and evening milking of each cow for each day of the month, though some use a sheet ruled for three days only, and estimate the weight of milk given for the month from these three days, which may be consecutive, or on the first, tenth and twentieth of the month, making ten-day periods between. The Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto, will furnish (free) monthly milk record sheets to those interested.

2. A milk scale—preferably one having a dial face and two hands, one of which shows the net weight of milk in the pail, when properly set. This scale costs about five dollars.

3. A four- to eight bottle Babcock test, where it is desired to know what each cow's milk tests in fat. This will cost from eight to twelve dollars complete. (If a member of a cow-testing association or convenient to a creamery or cheese factory, arrangements can usually be made to test the samples, hence the tester is not needed, but a progressive dairyman should have his own testing outfit and use it.)

4. The fourth and most important requirement is "The-will-to-do." Without this, milk sheets, scales, testers, etc., are valueless. By having scale, sheet, pencil, sample bottles properly labelled, etc., all conveniently arranged, it takes but little time to keep a record of each milking cow in the herd.

We would add a fifth need, which is some form of permanent record book for monthly totals and tests, as milk sheets, and notes or records of testing, are likely to be lost and not available for reference. But if these are recorded once a month in a permanent form, they will prove a source of help in breeding, feeding and weeding dairy cows. — Prof. H. H. Dean, O. A. College, Guelph.

"The Bells of St. Clement's."

The Bells of St. Clement's are, it seems, doing great things in the way of earning money to pay for their own restoration. So large have been the numbers that attend daily to see the old bells as they group themselves, rather awkwardly, it must be confessed, round the porch of St. Clement Danes, that sundry extensions have had to be made in the hours they are on view. Even at the popular price of sixpence each and half price to parties of twenty, the bells are simply coining money.

"When will you pay me?"
Said the bells of old Bailey.
"Oh, I'm sure I don't know,"
Said the big bell of Bow.

Such petulant uncertainty, it may be taken, has no part in the outlook of "the Bells of St. Clement's," even if they have, perforce, to remain silent as regards "oranges and lemons."

The Sporting Instinct.

Back in the early days of 1915, when the ravages and terrors of war awoke the small game to the realization of the fact that something unusual was happening, a rather amusing incident occurred in one of our Canadian battalions which, at that time was holding a portion of the line in Northern France.

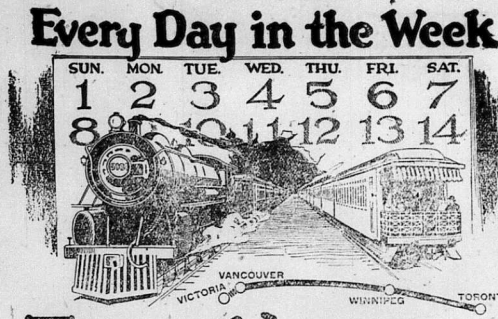
The amusing and exciting moment was caused by the appearance of a rabbit romping around in close proximity to the front line. "Stout" as he was nick-named, one of our battalion snipers, upon observing it quickly brought it to the attention of one of the boys. A small wager was speedily arranged between them as to who would be the first one to shoot it. "Stout" who was first to train his rifle on the target was about to fire when a shot from presumably a sniper in the Hun lines found the rabbit, thereby enabling them to gain their objective and incidentally saving probably a box of ammunition which undoubtedly they would have exhausted before achieving their aim.

The wager naturally having been called off on account of a "No Hit Game" on their side, appropriately termed so by one of the fans, was rearranged that the first one to secure the rabbit would win the stakes. At that time it was not considered suitable to make the "hop-off" although, according to the conditions, an independent start could be made at any time without the knowledge of the other competitor. Stout's opponent, who was determined to gain the rabbit and the prize, started out by a circuitous route in order to be a less conspicuous target to the enemy's fire, finally arrived within a few yards from the scene, when to his astonishment the rabbit who had only received a fracture of one of its fore legs arose and limped feebly towards our front line trench. Its pursuer, not considering it advisable to follow in its wake, owing to complete exposure to fire, retraced his tracks homeward, only to find that "Stout" had caught the rabbit which had fallen exhausted within a few yards of the trench, and was preparing it for the evening meal.—R.H.W.

Returned Soldiers as Teachers.

The Department of Education is receiving most satisfactory reports concerning the progress made by those returned soldiers, who have decided to prepare for the teaching profession, or finish their courses in that profession. The Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education, stated recently: "I am delighted to feel that our expectations respecting the quality and spirit of the returned soldiers, who are entering the teaching profession, are being fulfilled. Those who finished their courses last spring at the Faculty of Education are reported to me as being equal to the very best class of candidates entering the teaching body. It is also a fact that those returned soldiers, who are now taking the summer course to prepare them for the professional schools, exhibit all the qualities needed to make a success at teaching. The schools will be fortunate if they obtain some of these teachers, who have fought the battles of the Empire."

Every Day in the Week



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Canadian National all the way.

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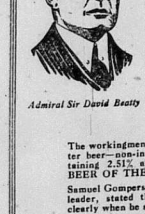
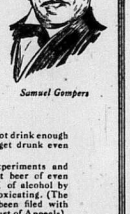
Comradeship



Admiral Sir David Beatty



Samuel Gompers

ADMIRAL Sir David Beatty, when speaking at Leicester a few days ago, said:—

"We have been through four and a half years of a great struggle. We have all learned something—the true value of comradeship. Comradeship has enabled us to win the war."

Realizing the significance and truth of this statement the Citizens' Liberty League appeals to the people of this Province to develop the spirit of comradeship, mutual forbearance, toleration and sympathy. Let us be fair-minded, less rigid, more reasonable, and more willing to give and take.

The workingmen of Ontario appeal for better beer—non-intoxicating beer—beer containing 2.51% alcohol by weight—THE BEER OF THE BALLOT.

Samuel Gompers, the world's greatest labor leader, stated the workingman's position clearly when he said:

"The normal men, the men of Labor who work eight hours a day and no more, the workmen who earn decent pay, the workmen who have comparatively comfortable homes, they do not want the artificial spirit. The man of normal spirit finds comfort in pleasant surroundings; he does not need, and, as a rule, does not partake of intoxicating drinks; he abuses the effects of intoxicants. What we now ask is that the men of Labor, the masses of our people, shall have the opportunity to drink a glass of beer of not more than 2¼% by weight of alcohol in that beer, and I am told you cannot drink enough of that character of beer to get drunk even if you tried."

Scientific tests, practical experiments and thorough research prove that beer of even greater strength than 2.51% of alcohol by weight, is absolutely non-intoxicating. (The results of these tests have been filed with the United States Circuit Court of Appeals).

As no harmful results can possibly come from drinking beer of this quality—is there any fair or logical reason why the working men should not have the more palatable beer for which they are asking—THE BEER OF THE BALLOT?

Support the working men and the Citizens' Liberty League in the endeavor to obtain a fair, just and reasonable compromise on the present too drastic prohibitory legislation.

Vote "YES" to all Four Questions

Mark your ballot with an X. Any other markings will spoil it. Remember also—every voter must vote on every question or his ballot will be spoiled.

Citizens' Liberty League

PROVINCIAL HEADQUARTERS
22 College Street, Toronto
T. L. CARRUTHERS, Secretary

Hon. President: SIR EDMUND B. OSLER
Vice-President: L. F. HELLMUTH, K.C.
President: LT.-COL. H. A. C. MACHIN, M.P.P.
Hon. Treasurer: F. GORDON OSLER 44

How to say "No!"

Mark Your Ballot with an X after Each Question under the word "No"

		YES	NO
1	Are you in favour of the repeal of the Ontario Temperance Act?		X
2	Are you in favour of the sale of light beer containing not more than two and fifty-one one-hundredths per cent. absolute weight measure in standard hotels in local municipalities to the Ontario Temperance Act to permit such sale?		X
3	Are you in favour of the sale of light beer containing not more than two and fifty-one one-hundredths per cent. absolute weight measure in standard hotels in local municipalities now dry by a majority vote thereon under such sale and amendments to the Ontario Temperance Act to permit such sale?		X
4	Are you in favour of the sale of spirituous and malt liquors through Government stores and amendments to The Ontario Temperance Act to permit such sale?		X

Above is an exact reproduction of the Referendum ballot, showing the correct way to Vote in order to sustain the Ontario Temperance Act as it stands.

Everybody should study the four questions and realize exactly what they mean. Do not be misled by the insidious demand for "light" beer.

The beer of the ballot is 118% stronger than the Ontario Temperance Act now allows, and over five times as strong as the limit allowed for beer defined as non-intoxicating in Great Britain and the United States.

Answer Each Question

1. Unless you vote on every question your ballot is spoiled.
2. You must mark your answer to each question with an "X" only. Anything else would spoil your ballot.
3. Unless a majority vote "No" on question 1 the bars will be restored and the sale of all kinds of intoxicants permitted.
4. Unless a majority vote "No" on questions 2, 3 and 4 the Ontario Temperance Act will become almost worthless.
5. The only SAFE course is to mark your ballot as shown above.

"No!"—Four Times—"No!"

No repeal; No government beer shops; No beer saloons; No government whiskey shops.—Four X's, each under the word "No."

Ontario Referendum Committee

JOHN MACDONALD, *Chairman*
D. A. DUNLAP, *Treasurer*
ANDREW S. GRANT, *Vice-Chairman and Secretary*
(100 Excelsior Life Bldg., Toronto)

Gray Hair and Hay's Hair Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hair dressing. Is not a dye. Crescent sized bottles at $1 dealers, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J. n-27

Fresh Pork Sausage
On Saturday,
The good kind.

New Codfish
in one and two pound bricks

FRANK H. PERRY.
Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 180.

FOR THE RETURNED SOLDIER

We have placed in stock the special

Waltham and Elgin Watch

adapted to the returned soldier who goes back to civilian life—these watches we find are most appreciated by the returned men—of course they are fully guaranteed and suitably engraved.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

HOW TO KEEP THE BABY FROM WORRYING IN HOT WEATHER

PUSSY-FOOT Shoes for Baby
REGISTERED PATENTED

Buy a pair of PUSSY FOOT Slippers or Boots
—at—
WEISS BROS.
NAPANEE and TRENTON

SHOE REPAIRING

WE HAVE TO SMILE

when people come here with old shoes which they doubtingly leave to our tender mercies and depart. We have to smile again when they come back and see how our shoe repairing has transformed their old shoes practically into new footwear. They never doubt again. Neither will you if you test our skill with some of your worn shoes.

J. WILKINS,
Boot Repair Store,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

THE NORMILE GROCERY

Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

The Very Best in
GROCERIES

Fresh Meats
of all kinds.

NORMILE GROCERY CO'Y.
Successors to The Beverly McDonaldCo.

East End Barber Shop
Everything neat, ; First class Workmen ; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call.
J. N. Osborne.

For choice Canadian cheese go to H. W. KELLY'S. He bought all the prize cheese from the fairs.

Daily's good Tea and Coffee for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store. All size packages.

Mr. V. Kouber has purchased Mr. M. Pizzariello's stock of marble and granite monuments, etc.

For good peaches and plums go to H. W. Kelly. He gets a shipment every day direct from the orchards.

The W. C. T. U. purpose holding their annual rummage sale. Any person having articles to donate will kindly save the same.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Trinity Church will hold their Bazaar and Luncheon, on Tuesday, December 16th. Particulars later.

The Cobalt Daily Nugget says: "At the Liberal convention for the riding of Temiskaming, some fifteen candidates were nominated, including one woman, Mrs. Chas. Weir, of Cobalt, all but Mr. Ralph Taylor, resigning in the latter's favor." Mrs. Weir is a daughter of Mrs. Hugh Davy, Thomas street.

Arthur Ohlman a well known citizen of North Fredericksburgh passed away very suddenly on Saturday last after but a short illness of spinal meningitis. He was about 27 years of age and in his usual health until two days before his death. The funeral took place on Monday afternoon.

James B. Miller, a well-known Ernestown farmer died very suddenly on Friday evening last. He had just returned from Kingston Fair and was performing his usual evening chores when he was stricken with appoplexy and passed away almost immediately. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon.

On Sunday morning fire was discovered in Mr. Chas. Stevens' Ash house on Bridge street west. The structure was a frame one and burned very quickly so that by the time the firemen arrived there was not much left of the building and it was completely destroyed. Mr. Stevens had no insurance on the building and a car of fertilizer just ready to ship was badly damaged by the water.

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Flying Crooks.

Undoubtedly one of the problems which Scotland Yard will have to cope with in the near future will be the pursuit of criminals through the air.

Plans for the organization of a corps of aerial trackers, with a special Scotland Yard airdrome from which detectives could make an immediate start in pursuit of wrongdoers who wrought to escape the clutches of the law through the air, are already being carried out.

It may be some time before criminals include private airplanes among their equipment, but it will be a comparatively easy matter for the swell cracksman and wealthy murderer to arrange for an escape by air.

Whether he will succeede depends on the aerial organization of Scotland Yard and the alertness of the customs and coastguards. Quick communication between the police and the latter may result in an easy capture.

As a member of the Criminal Investigation Department points out, although the air is wide the flying criminal has got to come down somewhere, and by wireless his description and that of his machine can be flashed over the world in a few minutes.

One method of stoppage and detection will be through the medium of a series of sound-detecting instruments along the coast, linked up by telephones with each other, and also with corps of aerial police. The noise of the machine will be detected, and if it does not land for inspection, as required by aerial navigation rules, it will be located and reported, and a strict watch will be kept at all points.

Control of flying machines is being so organized that every machine entering Britain, for instance, will have to land for inspection.

The watch will be so strict that the possibility of evading the cordon of guards will be very slight. Other countries, in accordance with the suggestions of the Aerial Advisory Commission of the British Peace Delegation, are adopting similar plans for the control of air traffic. The chances of the flying criminal escaping justice, therefore, are not of the roslest.

Cirrus clouds have been recorded more than 17 miles above the surface of the earth.

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Na-Dru-co Tasteless Cod Liver Oil, builds up the system and prevents colds and Flu. Sold only at NIXON'S.

Men's Work Gloves

10 Dozen Pair of Men's HORSEHIDE GLOVES. A special purchase made months ago.

This is a leather that stays soft and pliable, and makes an ideal work glove.

Unlined 98c.
Lined $1.25.

WHILE THEY LAST.

The Haines Shoe Houses
NAPANEE,
Belleville and Smiths Falls.
22tf

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

PERSONALS

Mrs. Sarah Henderson is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. E. W. Grange, London, was in Napanee on Monday.

Mr. Harry Gleeson has gone to Toronto to resume his studies at the University.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Guess, of Oakville, spent the week end the guests of his father, Mr. C. W. Guess, Bridge street.

Mrs. Geo. A. Blewitt returned last week from spending several weeks in Picton.

Mrs. W. J. McGuire has returned to Toronto after visiting her mother, Mrs. W. Coxall.

Mr. French, the county representative for the Victory Loan, 1919, has arrived in town, and has opened an office near the Harvey Warner Park.

Mrs. Fred Rendell and son, Douglas, are spending a month with her aunt, Mrs. Harry Wilkey, Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Bartlett have secured a home in Kingston and have moved to that city.

Mr. Cecil Harshaw returned to Halifax on Saturday after spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Harshaw.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Pizzariello leave this week for Toronto.

Mr. Sperry Joyce left last week for Pembroke, where he has secured a position.

Mrs. Keen, who has been spending the summer with her mother, Mrs. W. C. Scott, returned to Edmonton on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Guess are spending a few days with his son Mr. Ross Guess, Renfrew.

Mrs. W. D. Midmer and son Walter left London, England, on Tuesday, after a four months' visit with friends in the United Kingdom. They embarked at Tilbury docks on the Cunard liner Saxonia bound for Halifax.

Miss Mary VanSlyck returned home last Saturday after spending the past week the guest of Mrs A. V. Doller and other friends and taking in the Kingston Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Carscallen, Deseronto, spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Madden.

Mr. A. E. Paul returned home from western Canada last week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Bogart left on Tuesday to join a motoring party from Toronto to the Catskill mountains, the scene of Washington Irving's legends of sleepy hollow and Rip-Van-Winkle, and other amusing tales. After six days motoring among the mountains they will go on to New York and New Jersey returning by way of Albany, Troy and Fort Plain.

A CONCERT
under the auspices of Grace Church Orchestra, will be held in Grace Church,
FRIDAY EVENING,
OCTOBER 10TH
commencing at 8.15
The Orchestra will be assisted by
Prof. R. F. Staples, Tenor Soloist, Belleville
Mrs. Carruthers, Elocutionist
Mrs. Cameron Wilson, Violinist.
TICKETS, 25c.

Dr. and Mrs. Fisher, Ottawa, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. E. Ming.

Miss Lena Allison, Toronto, spent a few days last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Canfield Storey.

Mr. Don. Taylor, Toronto, who has recently returned from overseas spent a few days in Napanee this week.

Miss Muriel Solmes, Syracuse, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Solmes.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Kimmerly are spending a couple of weeks in Montreal.

Mrs. G. A. Wallace returned on Thursday from spending several weeks with her brothers in Detroit, Mich.

Messrs Gordon Miller, Kenneth Ham, and Horace Ward have gone to Toronto to attend the University.

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BIRTHS

McCabe—At North Fredericksburgh, on Sunday, September 21st 1919, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCabe, a daughter.

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MARRIAGES

Denison — McKim — At Grace parsonage, on Oct. 1st, 1919, by Rev. W. B. Rogers, William Ibert Denison and Annie Carmalita McKim, both of Richmond.

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DEATHS

Miller—At North Fredericksburgh, on Friday, Sept. 26th 1919, James B. Miller, aged 70 years 15 days.

Ohlman—At North Fredericksburgh, on Saturday, September 27th, 1919, Arthur F. Ohlman, aged 27 years, 6 months, 10 days.

Storey—At Napanee, on Thursday, October 2nd, 1919, Martha A. Storey, aged 63 years, and 8 months.

Weese—At Ernestown, Tuesday, Sept. 30th, 1919, Mrs. Peter Weese, aged 54 years, 7 months.

Kodak Work, Developing and printing a specialty—not amateur work—Try my films for good results. Bring them in and take home real pictures. Mail orders addressed to box 466 will receive prompt attention. Regular prices Terms, cash with order.
Mrs. R. Shipman,
John Street, two doors south of Express Printing House.

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Farmers!

Bring your eggs to H. W. Kelly. He pays the highest market price.

Our Autumn Openings "just over" revealed to our numerous patrons our capability of successfully providing them with READY-MADE merchandise of superior workmanship, correctly styled from fashions' leading materials AT CONSERVATIVE PRICES.

We picture in words a few of the ultra fashionable garments which received much applause from our audience of Patrons.

MAIL ORDERS will receive our careful and immediate attention.

A DRESS IN GEORGETTE AND SATIN
SPECIALLY PRICED AT $67.50

This exquisite afternoon gown is featured in Navy Blue Combination of Satin and Crepe Georgette. The Crepe overskirt is most handsomely embroidered in Soutache Braid of unusual and striking design. The same extraordinary trimming is seen on collar and bodice. A wide crushed girdle of satin and large flowing sleeves completes a charming gown.

Satin Gowns from $33.00 up.
Crepe Dresses from $30.00 up.
Silk Dresses from $24.00 up.
Serge Dresses from $14.50 up.
Jersey Dresses from $26.50 up.
SIZES FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

EVENING DRESSES OF FORMAL NATURE

Charming to an unsurpassable degree are the new modes in evening dresses. Fashion has spared no energy in creating the most lovable of styles which portray charm and grace at every turn. For the school girl are simple and suitable styles—for the older sister are fastidious models, while for mother the garments are no whit less fascinating.

Combinations of Silk nets, metal laces and silver cloth and fancy silks produce beautiful effects.

Flame, Rainbow, Black and silver, Mauve and white are leading shades.

PRICED FROM $31.00 TO $47.50
EXCLUSIVE BUT NOT EXPENSIVE

SILVERTONE SUIT
SPECIALLY PRICED $65.00

At the present moment Silvertone is the fabric in popular demand whether for suit or coat. In grape silvertone is a suit worthy of special mention. The coat is finger tip in length, presenting a graceful appearance. The collar buttons high on the throat and the "Stand out" pockets present another interesting feature. Buttons, panels and fancy stitching are details of importance.

Brown, Navy, Grey and Black are other popular shades while Cheviots, Velours, Broadcloths Serges and Silvertones are the fabrics employed.

PRICED FROM $32.50 to $75.00

SEPARATE SKIRTS IN VARIOUS MATERIALS

Everywoman hails with delight the separate skirt. It is one of the useful garments in her wardrobe. Realizing this great, growing popular demand, Fashion has created many handsome garments. Here in our store is a remarkable assemblage of separate skirts chosen from Fashion's latest Autumn styles.

Stand away pockets, Belts, Novelty Braids, Tucking and Buttons are factors of first importance in the way of Trimmings.

Serges, Fancy Woolens, Poplins, Silks, Satins, Tricolette and Jersey are the fabrics used.

PRICED FROM $5.95 to $25.00

THE ROBINSON CO: INITIAL DISPLAY OF NEW AND VERY CHARMING AUTUMN HATS

In this clever assemblage of wonder hats are exact reproductions of the most exclusive models created for fall of 1919. This season there are large hats, Tam-o-Shanter effects, Turbans and smart Chin Chin sailors. Regardless of what you pay, every hat is a copy of a model on what dame fashion has set her seal of approval. To describe a few which are among theose of first importance—

In a pattern hat is a very clever creation in which the designer has attached a soft rolling brim to a soft, round crown. The crown is of black while the brim is a soft sea green shade. A narrow silver ribbon with two rose colored leaves completes the model. Priced $16.00.

In honey bird blue plush and black velvet is a delightful hat in Turban style. Silver embroidered flowers and a veil completes this pattern model. Also priced $16.00.

For one who prefers a large hat there is a gorgeous model in brown plush. The wide sides are trimmed with a foliage in lighter shade. Priced $14.25.

Also procurable is a large shape in black silk velvet. The brim on this hat is very narrow in back and front. A coral corded ribbon, loosely tied, is used for trimming. Priced $11.00

Other hats are priced from $7.00 up.

Sailors and Smart Ready-to-wears from $4.75 to $7.50.

ROBINSON'S EXPERT MILLINERY SERVICE

EXCLUSIVE NEW WAISTS

"Handsome is as handsome does" To wear one of these handsome new waists would certainly give one a handsome appearance provided color suited, style suited and waist fitted. In our extensive range of better waists are garments eminently suitable for every woman. You will find waists in the right color, the correct size that fit properly, that are wellmade.

Of course Georgette is the fabric of extreme importance while Crepe-de-Chine, Silk and Voile are also popular. Sized from 34 to 46.

PRICED FROM $1.25 to $17.50.

A MISSES BEAVER TRIMMED HUDSON SEAL COAT

Of all the coats shown at our openings, no garment received as much consideration as this charming Hudson Seal (dyed Muskrat) coat. The designer on this garment has placed a large shawl collar of plucked Beaver while the bell shaped cuffs are of the same fur. The back hangs in long, graceful folds. Both seal and beaver is of perfect quality, involving a fineness of finish which is only possible in higher grade furs. Priced at $275.00.

Other Seal coats are priced from $215.00 to $350.00.

Ask for our special estimates on coats made-to-measure.

MADRAS CURTAIN MATERIAL

When asked by a representative of one of the largest housefurnishings establishments in Canada what curtain material we found the most popular, the reply was Scotch Madras. Scotch Madras is made from the best Egyptian Cotton, specially selected, grass bleached, which insures longer wearing qualities than if bleached with chemical. We sell only John Brown & Co's make, acknowledged to be the best manufactured. The plain colors are in dark cream only. For overdrapes we have dark cream centre with contrasting darker colors for border. We also have plain colors in dark green, Rose, and Brown. The widths are 36, 45 and 48 inches, finished with covert edge on each side. The prices are 35 cts, 65 cts, 75 cts, 90 cts, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, and $2.50.

The patterns are too numerous to mention. See window Display.

TAPESTRY RUGS

Themost popular medium priced rugs made. The colors and patterns are almost equal to the higher priced goods. With the variety of sizes now made you can fit almost any room. The colors are mostly browns and fawn relieved with brighter colors. See our new stock in the Carpet Department

BUY MADE-IN-CANADA GOODS

THE ROBINSON CO.,
LIMITED

BUY MADE-IN-CANADA GOODS